The Massillon Independent.

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RIOTING IN CHICAGO

Strikebreakers Find They Are Against the Real Thing in Windy City.

ONE KILLED, HUNDREDS HURT

Non-Union Teamsters, Attacked by Crowds, Fire on Assailants—Union-Smashers Organization Encounters Unexpected Obstacles in Its Task.

Chicago, May 3—The death of one man and the injury of scores of others was the immediate result of the fighting between the striking teamsters and their sympathizers on the one side and the police and the non-union men on the other in Chicago. There were riots in all parts of the city. Men were clubbed and stoned almost to death within a square of police headquarters and five miles away men were shot down in the streets.

At a hundred places between these two extremes of distance there were assaults and fights in the streets. Blood was shed in State street in the heart of the fashionable shopping district and furious riots took place almost in the doorways of the leading hotels. Non-union men were pelted with stones, bricks and every other conceivable sort of missiles. They were dragged from their wagons, beaten, clubbed and stamped upon. The mobs that followed the wagons which they rode were ugly in the extreme, and but for the splendid service rendered by the police the list of dead would be 20 instead of one.

In return the non-union men, although hopelessly outnumbered in every struggle, fought desperately. In several instances they drew their revolvers and emptied them into the crowds that pressed around their wagons, pelting them with stones and threatening their lives. The colored drivers especially were quick with their weapons. Large numbers of the non-union drivers carried heavy clubs and they swung them with terrific effect throughout the day. As far as can be ascertained the list of inured numbers in the neighborhood of 40, but it is far short of being accurate. Many men who were in the mobs that attacked the wagons went down before the clubs of the police and of the wagon guards, but they were carried away by their friends and there is no chance of learning their names or of even guessing at their number.

More Bloodshed in Prospect.

The outlook is for more fighting and there is not the slightest evidence of the approaching end of the strike.

The situation has assumed a peculiar aspect and the interests which have been opposing the striking teamsters are not as united as heretofore. The cause of this dissension is the Team Owners' association, which has contracts with the railroads and many of the large firms throughout the city to transfer their merchandise.

The Team Owners' association, which employs none but union teamsters, has flatly refused to make deliveries to any of the firms now involved in the strike when ordered to do so by the employers' association. When the employers received this ultimatum they notified the team owners that unless the request that no discrimination be made in deliveries was granted an effort would be made to have all existing contracts between team owners and the business houses and the railroads canceled.

The Employers' Teaming association had sent word to the large team owners that they desired to know where they stood in the present fight. The team owners stated their position exactly. They would not attempt to deliver coal to any firm where a strike is now in progress, giving as reasons that their own men would be called out and they would be involved in the trouble with which they had no concern. They were informed that if they would not make deliveries their contracts with the business houses, amounting to millions of dollars annually, would be canceled. This did not change their attitude.

Savage Fighting in the Streets.

The fighting in the streets was even more fierce and savage than before. The strikers and their sympathizers attacked the non-union men at every opportunity, assailing them with bricks, stones, clubs, knives and any and every other weapon upon which they could lay their hands. The fighting occurred in the heart of the business section of the city, men being shot down within 200 feet of the retail store of Marshall Field & Co., clubbed nearly to death at the corner of the Auditorium hotel, in plain view of hundreds of ladies who were compelled to run from the mob to save their own lives.

As far as known but one man was killed during the day. The list of injured is much greater. In many cases the non-union men swung their clubs with great effect, knocking men from their wagons headlong into the street; in other instances, when assailed by mobs, they fired point blank into the crowds and it is difficult to see how the members of the mob could escape many broken heads or how all the bullets fired during the day should have gone wild.

Mr. Utely, who has been active in the interests of Ward & Co since the commencement of the strike, was attacked by three men while passing a vacant lot in Oakenwald avenue, between Forty-third and Forty-fourth streets. The men knocked him down and kicked him in a terrific manner about the head and face. He knocked one of them down with a billy and the others ran. Thinking he had killed his assailant, Utely went to call an ambulance, but when it arrived the man had either recovered and gone away or had been carried off by his companions.

Although it was announced that the teams of the express companies and of the employers' association would be handled by men armed with rifles, nothing of the kind was attempted, save in the case of the 15 drivers employed by the Scott Transfer company. Mayor Dunne and Chief of Police O'Neill made every effort to prevent the carrying of rifles and Superintendent Reid of the teaming association informed them that he had not contemplated arming his men as stated. The Scott men carried rifles throughout the day and none of them were molested.

The strike did not spread. No more men were called out and from present appearances there is no immediate prospect that any more teamsters will strike.

ARMED PEACE IN POLAND.

Thousands of Angry Workmen Protest Against Massacre.

St. Petersburg, May 3.—Armed peace prevailed in Poland following Monday's savage celebration of May day. Warsaw, Sosnovice, Lodz, Kalitz and other industrial centers had no repetition of Monday's rioting and bloodshed but order was maintained only by the strong hand of military force, which Monday's occurrences showed could be relentlessly employed.

The first fruits of Monday's sowing is a formidable strike of angered workmen, which is spreading widely, setting free thousands of employes and increasing the difficulty of the authorities in preserving order. Long continued industrial troubles, however, have impoverished the Polish workingmen and starvation will be an active ally of the government in bringing about a resumption of work.

The minimum estimates from official sources place the number killed and who died in hospitals as the result of Monday's disturbances as at least 50, and probably this will be swelled by additions of further deaths to 100 or more.

The governor of Kalisz has issued a proclamation gravely denying "rumors concerning disturbances at Kalisz on Monday" and at the same time exhorting the people to be tranquil in order to "avoid further sacrifice of life."

KAISER REACHES VENICE.

Royal Yacht Casts Anchor Amid Booming of Cannon.

Venice, May 3.—Emperor William of Germany, Empress Augusta and Princes Eitel Frederick and Oscar on board the imperial yacht Hohenzollern, which was escorted by the battleship Friedrich Karl and the cruiser Sleipner, entered the harbor here. The German ships cast anchor in the basin of St. Mark amidst the booming of cannon and salutes from a myriad of gondolas.

The Venetians remember with gratitude that Emperor William visited them immediately after the defeat of the Italian army at Adua in order to show his friendship. Princess Letitia, cousin of King Victor Emmanuel, witnessed the arrival of the Hohenzollern from a window of the royal palace and sent a basket of rare flowers to the empress, who invited the princess to visit her on board the imperial yacht.

DISORDERS IN CRETE.

Insurrection Being Carried on by Brigand Methods.

Rome, May 3.—A report from Crete, which wishes to unite with Greece, says the situation in that island is very grave, the insurrection having taken the character of brigand methods, with theft, murder, incendiarism and outrages upon women.

The local force being quite inadequate to cope with the situation—indeed, eight gendarmes have already been killed—Prince George himself has asked Italy and other protective powers to adopt energetic measures and send a battalion each to check the insurrection, which only nominally has for its object union of the island with Greece. The representatives of the protective powers have decided to use force to maintain the status quo.

KISSED THE SOLDIERS.

General Linevitch Goes Along the Line Without Exception.

Gunshu Pass, Manchuria, May 3.—A touching incident occurred during the Easter celebration here. After the morning service all the troops in the region around headquarters were drawn up in line before General Linevitch's tent and the commander-in-chief came out, greeted the troops and passed down the line, saluting each and every soldier with a kiss. All the men were much moved and many of them wept. The incident served to increase their boundless worship of the old gray leader.

General Linevitch continues energetically the reorganization of the various departments of the armies.

FORAKER NOT ASKED

Senior Senator Receives No Invitation to Attend State Convention.

BUT WILL BE THERE ANYWAY

Politicians in Control of Buckeye State Republican Gathering Repeat "Oversight" of One Year Ago—That Time Foraker Found His Way In.

Washington, May 3.—By an "oversight" Senator J. B. Foraker has not been invited to attend the Ohio Republican state convention. He is not a delegate or an alternate, nor has he even an admission ticket. It is a tradition, old as party organization in Ohio, that distinguished members of the party be notified of its conventions and invited to attend by the state central committee. But this year it has been overlooked. Last year the same "oversight" occurred, but that fact did not deter Senator Foraker from attending the convention. He went to Columbus and was undoubtedly somewhat surprised to find no brass bands there to welcome him. Admission to the convention hall was by badge or ticket, but Foraker had neither. When the convention opened Foraker went to the hall and "butted in."

"I expected the doorkeepers or the police to refuse me admission," he said recently in speaking of his experience. "Fortunately they let me in. Then it was a puzzle to know whether I belonged to the public gallery or not. I knew that people had been kind enough to give me a seat on the platform in other conventions, so I went up there on the chance of finding a vacant place. As luck would have it there was one about seven rows back from the stage, so I didn't have to stand up."

No speech by Senator Foraker was on the program. But the delegates, who had seen him enter, vociferously demanded remarks, and in that way he secured a voice in the convention.

It is not likely that Senator Foraker will kick up much of a row this year over the neglect to formally invite him to the convention. He is at present nursing a presidential boom and therefore he is likely to overlook some mole hills that would appear mountains under other circumstances. When asked if he would attend the convention this year he said:

"I don't know officially that there is to be one. The newspapers say there is one, but newspapers are frequently mistaken, you know."

FINGER BETRAYED HIM.

Crooked Digit Fastens Murder Upon Aggrieved Husband.

Kalamazoo, Mich., May 3.—Bert Miller, aged 29, who came here from Battle Creek, Mich., two weeks ago, was found dead in his bed in a room over a West Water street saloon, which he rented from his aunt, Mrs. Milo Sexton. His skull had been crushed. A large file was found in the room and is believed to have been used to kill him, although there was no blood on it.

In the dust on a window ledge in the room the police found the imprint of a hand with a clearly marked crooked little finger. This resulted in the arrest of Milo Sexton, or Keep, the husband of Miller's landlady, who has, it is alleged, a crooked finger said to correspond to the mark found in the dust. Mrs. Sexton secured an order from the court a week ago forbidding her husband to visit her and it is said that Miller had been living with her.

MOVING THE CAMP.

President Shifts His Headquarters to East Divide Creek.

Glenwood Springs, Col., May 3.—Secretary Loeb has returned from the president's camp. The party will move to the East Divide creek today, having been delayed by heavy rains. The party will then work across the range to the head of Garfield creek and on Sunday will ride into this city.

The quarters in the Hotel Colorado which were used by the president before have been selected. He will occupy the bridal apartment in the left wing. P. B. Stewart of Colorado Springs reoined the hunting party. Members of the White House staff and newspaper men were taken on an excursion through the Grand Valley by the Colorado Midland railroad.

NATIONAL AND AMERICAN GAMES

Standing and Scores of the Major League Teams.

National League Standing.

Club	W.	L.	Pct.	Club	W.	L.	Pct.
New York	10	3	.769	Cincinnati	7	7	.500
Pittsburg	9	5	.643	Boston	8	9	.471
Phila	7	5	.583	Brooklyn	6	11	.353
Chicago	8	7	.533	St Louis	4	9	.308

National Tuesday—Cincinnati 3, Chicago 1; New York 7, Boston 6; St. Louis 3, Pittsburg 1; Philadelphia 8, Brooklyn 3.

American League Standing.

Club	W.	L.	Pct.	Club	W.	L.	Pct.
Chicago	8	5	.615	Cleveland	6	6	.500
Washington	9	6	.600	Detroit	6	7	.462
New York	7	6	.538	St. Louis	6	8	.429
Phila	7	6	.538	Boston	5	10	.385

American Tuesday—Washington 9, Philadelphia 5; Boston 9, New York 4; Detroit 4, St. Louis 0; Chicago 4, Cleveland 3.

ASKED HIM TO RESIGN.

Frick Committee Makes That Request of Equitable President.

New York, May 3.—The World reports that the Frick investigating committee summoned James W. Alexander before it and asked him to resign his place as president of the Equitable Life Assurance society. According to the World, Mr. Frick said that although he could not promise it for a certainty he would try to get Mr. Hyde to retire, temporarily, anyway, if Mr. Alexander would resign.

The World says: "Mr. Frick did not criticize Mr. Alexander's administration of the office he has held so long, but said it must be obvious that his period of usefulness was over and nothing but his retirement would accomplish what the committee is striving for, the end of the entire controversy.

"Mr. Alexander was also asked to use his influence with Second Vice President Gage E. Tarbell to get him to resign, too. Mr. Alexander was very much affected, but declined to resign then. He told the committee he would think the matter over."

The Evening World also announces that Mr. Hyde is about to bring suit for the removal of Mr. Alexander from his position as one of the trustees of the Hyde holdings of stock in the Equitable.

IRONWORKERS IN SESSION.

Annual Convention of Amalgamated Association Opens in Detroit.

Detroit, May 3.—With 205 delegates present, representing 125,000 workers, the annual convention of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers opened in Miami hall.

It is expected that the convention will be in session for three weeks.

Before the convention opened President Shaffer outlined as the three important matters to come before the convention, the adoption of a wage scale, the settlement of the question whether or not the association should abolish conventions and adopt the referendum, and the selection of some means to increase the revenue of the organization. An increase of revenue is said to be made necessary by the large number of members now on strike.

President Shaffer declined to discuss the question of his re-election, saying: "I am not a candidate, but further I will not discuss the matter."

Friends of President Shaffer among the delegates said that if re-elected he would accept the office and announced that they would work for his re-election.

Beavers Arraigned: Pleads Not Guilty.

Washington, May 3.—George W. Beavers, late chief of the salary and allowance division of the postoffice department, was arraigned in the criminal court on the charge of conspiring to defraud the government and gave bond in the sum of $20,000 for his appearance for trial. He pleaded not guilty.

Bug Destroys Boll Weevil.

Waco, Texas, May 3.—Chief Howard of the entomological bureau department of agriculture at Washington has been notified of the discovery in Falls county, Texas, of a peculiar bug which is destroying the boll weevil. The insect was found on a plantation near Waco.

Jeffries Retires from Ring.

Cincinnati, May 3.—James J. Jeffries champion heavyweight pugilist, will retire from the prize ring and from the stage and go into business with his brother Jack in California.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

Chicago, May 2.—A liberal decrease in the world's visible supply had a strengthening effect on the wheat market here today. Falling off in primary receipts also tended to advance prices. At the close July wheat was up ⅝c. Corn is up ½c. Oats show a gain of ⅜@½c. Closing quotations: Wheat, July, 83¾; corn, 46⅝; oats, July, 29⅛@29½.

PITTSBURG MARKETS—MAY 2.

Corn—Yellow shelled, 54½@55; high mixed, 52@52½; yellow ear, 62@63.

Oats—No. 2 white, 35@35¼; No. 3, 34½@34¾; No. 4, 34@34¼.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, $12.50@12.75; No. 2, $11.25@12.75; No. 1 clover, $11@11.25; No. 1 mixed, $11.25@11.50; loose from wagon, $14@16.

Eggs—Selected candled, 17@17½.

Butter—Prints, 28@28½; tubs, 27½@28; dairy, 19@20.

Cheese—New York full cream, new, 14@14½; Ohio cream, 14@14½; limberger, new, 13½@14.

Cattle—Prime to fancy, fat, smooth steers, $5.25@5.50; green, coarse and rough fat steers, $4.75@5.25; fat, smooth, dry fed, light steers, $4.50@5.25; choice milch cows, $30@45; medium to good milch cows, $15@30; good, fat, smooth, handy butchers' bulls, $3.75@4.50; feeding steers, good style, weight and extra quality, $3.75@4.75; feed steers, common to good quality, $2.50@3.75; fair to choice stockers, $2@2.50.

Calves—Veals, good to choice, $5.25@5.50; veals, fair to good, $4.50@5; heavy and thin calves, $3@4.

Hogs—Good to prime heavy, $5.55@5.60; medium weights, $5.55@5.60; best heavy yorkers, $5.55@5.60; good light yorkers, $5.55@5.60; pigs, good to prime, $5.40@5.45.

Sheep and Lambs—Prime wethers, $4.80@5; good to choice mixed, $4.40@4.75; fair to good mixed, $4@4.40; culls and common, $1.50@2.75; clipped lambs, $3.50@5.25.

ESCAPE WITH BOOTY

Thieves Crack Safe, Take $10,000, and Manage to Elude Pursuers.

CHECK PURSUIT WITH PISTOLS

Telephone and Telephone Wires Cut and People Are Unable to Notify Neighboring Towns—Posses Beating Woods in Search of Fugitives.

Oneonta, N. Y., May 3.—A band of masked robbers rode into the village of Gilbertsville, about 18 miles from here, at 3 o'clock in the morning, blew open the modern and supposedly burglar proof safe in the private bank of E. C. Brewer, and made their escape with booty estimated at between $5,000 and $10,000.

When the startled villagers were awakened by the explosion and had been halted by the pistol fire from the retreating bandits, they found that the robbers had completely isolated Gilbertsville from the outside world by cutting all the telegraph and telephone wires. When the village folks finally started in pursuit, the robbers had gained a lead which could not be overcome.

Parties are searching the woods in every direction in the hope that the robbers have sought shelter in the thickets and will seek to leave the vicinity of their daring exploit under cover of darkness. Several teams which had been stolen from various barns and used by the robbers in their approach to the village and their subsequent flight, were found abandoned. Daylight found the bandits not far from Gilbertsville and it is believed they then left the highway and went into the woods afoot. The bold attack rivals in the details of its thoroughness, its daring and its success the exploits of the most notorious bandits of the western country.

It is believed there were five men in the band. That all were heavily armed was shown by the frequency of their fire when the villagers arrived near the bank. The men first tried open the front door of the bank. Not a light glimmered in the village and they evidently set about their work leisurely. Two holes were drilled into the heavy steel doors of the safe and into these the explosive, believed to have been nitro glycerine, was inserted. The explosion which followed wrecked the safe and shattered every window in the building.

The robbers hastily gathered up all the money exposed by the explosion and started on a run just as the first of the awakened villagers reached the scene. Other residents quickly came up but in the meantime the invaders were making good their escape, firing as they went.

Posses led by Root and C. P. Root, his brother, started for Mount Upton, the nearest railroad station, six miles away and from there notified all the neighboring towns. They had gone but half a mile when they came upon a team attached to a telegraph pole. Further along, they came upon a surrey. An axle of the vehicle was broken and a short distance away was the horse.

It is believed that after this vehicle failed them the robbers made their way into the woods, as no further trace of them could be found. Posses were organized but their efforts to locate the men have so far proved futile.

MILLION DOLLAR PLANT.

To Be Built at Newell, W. Va., to Manufacture Pottery.

East Liverpool, O., May 3.—The North American Manufacturing company, owners of Newell, W. Va., opposite this city, last night decided to erect there in Newell a 30 kiln pottery, with warehouse and shop capacity the largest in the United States. The new industry is to be a million dollar enterprise and work upon its construction will be commenced at once.

The men interested in the plant are the most successful pottery manufacturers in the United States—Joseph G. Lee, secretary of the Knowles, Taylor and Knowles Pottery company; the Harker Brothers, Edwin M. Knowles, president; E. M. Knowles China company; W. E. Wells, secretary-treasurer Homer Laughlin China company, and others. This move clinches the center of the pottery industry for this city and means the beginning of the concentration of pottery manufacture on a basis similar to the iron industry. Pottery will be made on a large scale with lesser profits than heretofore.

Post Mortem Clears Suspect.

Detroit, May 3.—Mrs. Martha Turner, who was arrested in connection with the death of her neighbor, Mrs. Katherine Wood, has been released. A post mortem examination showed that Mrs. Wood died of a rupture of the aorta, due to excitement. There was no evidence of a blow in the stomach.

Brannock Law Upheld.

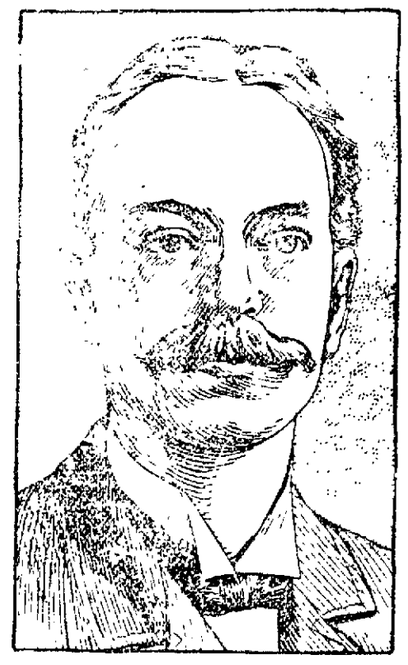
Columbus, O., May 3.—The state supreme court has upheld the constitutionality of the Brannock district local option law in the test case of Mayor Jeffrey of Columbus vs. City Solicitor Burlas.

BIGELOW VERY CARELESS.

Defaulting Bank President's Affairs Sadly Muddled.

Milwaukee, Wis., May 3.—That the downfall of Frank G. Bigelow, the defaulting president of the First National bank of Milwaukee, was due to Bigelow's unwarranted belief that he possessed great business ability, was the statement made here by a friend of Bigelow's. Bigelow, said this friend, denies emphatically losing the money in a wheat deal.

"If you were to ask him how the money was spent he would be unable to answer you," said Bigelow's friend. His affairs are in a remarkable tangle. Considering his long career in business, it is unbelievable that matters could be so involved.



FRANK G. BIGELOW.

"To my mind, there is no reason to believe that the defalcation dates back more than current two or a few years. Ask him personally, he might say five or six years. He may give some other answer, for he does really not know.

"An instance cited by a Milwaukee man who was interested with Bigelow in mining operations shows Bigelow's laxity of method and shows the remarkable confidence he placed in himself. Dividends were due on the property and when the Milwaukee man inquired of Bigelow for the dividend he was turned upon in a brusque way which astonished him, since they had long been interested in one thing and another together. However, after a moment Mr. Bigelow reached into his inside pocket and drew forth a check for the amount of the dividend, two years old, and crumpled into a wad."

NAN'S FATE WITH JURY.

Prosecutor Rand Makes Closing Address in Famous Trial.

New York, May 3.—The fate of Nan Patterson in her third trial for the murder of Caesar Young will be in the hands of the jury early today. Assistant District Attorney Rand completed the closing argument for the prosecution and the court adjourned. Recorder Goff announced that he would charge the jury upon the opening of court today. It is not believed that the deliberations will be lengthy and probable before the noon hour the jury will have arrived to consider a verdict.

At the close of the argument, after Prosecutor Rand had arraigned her in the most scathing terms, had ridiculed the defense in this trial was a confession of her guilt, had declared that however she had testified on the stand and that her counsel had based his plea for her defense on a tissue of falsehoods, Nan Patterson said she still felt confident the jury would bring in an early verdict of acquittal.

"I feel a presentiment," she declared, "that I know that 12 men will be in a few minutes."

Mr. Rand consumed practically the whole day. He devoted a large part of his time to the defense of himself in his methods in the present trial. He declared the charges made against him by Abraham Levy, attorney for the defendant, were unjust and misleading. He denied that he had been guilty of suppressing evidence that might have helped the Patterson girl.

Leaves Jail on Sad Errand.

San Francisco, May 3.—Mrs. Cordelia Botkin, convicted of the murder of Mrs. John P. Dunning of Dover, Del., by means of poisoned candy, was permitted to leave the jail in charge of a sheriff to view the remains of her only son who died a few days ago. She placed a few roses in the coffin and gave evidence of deep grief, but did not lose her self-control.

DIETZ OUT OF THE WAY.

Man Who Fought Corporation for His Rights Is Killed.

Chippewa Falls, Mich., May 3.—It is reported that John Dietz, who has guarded the Cameron dam on the Thornapple river with a rifle for the last year, has been killed. Both Dietz and the Mississippi Logging company claim the ground on which the dam stands.

The report says that a fight occurred between Dietz and United States deputy marshals, who went to serve a summons on Dietz to appear at Madison and show cause why the injunction to restrain him from preventing the company from driving logs over the dam should not be made

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HUNTERS AT CHURCH

President and Companions Go Dressed in Rough Hunting Clothes.

AT THE OLD BLUE SCHOOLHOUSE

Building Too Small and Choir and Pulpit Move to Porch—Mr. Roosevelt Supplements Sermon of Minister and Holds a Reception.

Glenwood Springs, Col., May 1.—Unique in the history of Colorado was the church service held at the Old Blue Schoolhouse on West Divide creek, attended by President Roosevelt and his hunting party and all the ranchmen and their families for miles around. The little district school building was not a tenth part large enough to accommodate the congregation, and as a result the organ was moved to the front porch. On this porch seats were provided for the president and his party, the Rev. Horace Mann of Rifle, Col., the choir and trustees of the church. The members of the congregation stood or sat on the ground of the schoo. yard or in their conveyances, when were grouped around the building.

The sermon by the Rev. Mr. Mann was of an unusual kind. It began with a story, teeming with slang of the western flavor, and was full of advice suited to a congregation inuring itself to the hardships of mountain life. It touched on the responsibilities of the position of president, as well as the characteristics of some of the men who have occupied that exalted place. After the minister concluded the president spoke for 10 minutes.

Services Attract Large Audience.

The services at the schoolhouse were begun at 11 o'clock. Long before that hour the ranchmen and their wives began to assemble. Many persons drove or rode horseback from New Castle, Rifle and other towns for five to 15 miles away. The president's party presented a picturesque appearance as they came up. All were on horseback and they were dressed in their hunting clothes. They had no others at the camp. Many of those in the congregation wore their best dresses. The gowns and hats of the women were showy and in striking contrast to the muddy, tan, duck, blue jeans and other rough materials making up the costumes of the president and his fellow hunters.

Mr. Roosevelt was dressed in the same clothes he wore when he left his private car at New Castle two weeks ago. His hat was what is known as the "slouch." He wore it pulled over his eyes and badly out of shape. His jacket was sheepskin duck. His trousers of duck, tied about his ankles with strong cord. His shirt was blue cotton. He had discarded his chaparejos or leather trousers and his sweater as a concession toward the proper church-going raiment. The clothes of Dr. Alexander Lambert of New York and of the guides were even rougher. No mountain band of road agents ever looked more formidable. The western air of the party went straight to the hearts of the people. They applauded and yelled boisterous praise of the president, regardless of the day and the fact that they were virtually in a house of worship, though the ceiling was blue sky, the floor soft grass and dead leaves, and the walls were mountains.

President Preaches Little Sermon.

As soon as the party had taken seats the service was begun. The organist played a selection from the Presbyterian hymnal and the choir sang. Another selection was played and sung, and this time the congregation was asked to join. The voices of the president and of Dr. Lambert could be heard above the others. The congregation was so great and scattered that the sound of the organ was almost drowned. When the song was concluded the Rev. Horace Mann preached. More music followed and Mr. Roosevelt, at the request of the preacher, addressed the congregation. He told them how glad he was to be there and how much it pleased him to come face to face with so many people who were braving hardships with light hearts and doing their part in life without complaining or bitterness. He told them the spirit they were displaying was the chief quality of the American people that went to make this the greatest of all countries. It was at the conclusion of the president's remarks when he leaned forward and beamed a welcome that took in every one in the congregation, that the president looked his best. He was the picture of rugged health as he said:

Shakes Hand All Around.

"And now I want to shake hands with all of you. There are a good many of you, so don't stampede or get to milling."

As the president made use of the cattle terms the applause was terrific. He took a position in a corner made by the schoolhouse and the platform, where it was impossible for the people to crowd. Dr. Lambert acted as chief of the secret service with the hunters and cowboys as assistants. They passed the crowd along and despite the fact that the president had a word for nearly everyone present, the congregation was disposed of in about half an hour.

Paderewski Much Improved.

Boston, May 1.—Ignace Paderewski, who is suffering from nervous prostration, is reported as much improved

SECRETARY LOEB SUED.

Miss Mae Wood Includes Him in Action for Damages.

Omaha, Neb., May 1.—Miss Mae C. Wood, an attorney of Omaha, who once was a clerk in the postoffice department at Washington, filed in the district court a suit for damages of $35,000 against William Loeb, secretary to President Roosevelt; former Postmaster General Wynne, now consul to London, and J. Martin Miller, consul at Aix la Chapelle.

MISS MAE WOOD.

Miss Wood alleges that the defendants by "force and threats" secured from her love letters, which, she alleges, were written to her by Senator Platt of New York. These letters, she says in her charges, formed the basis of a book, the manuscript for which she had completed and for the publication of which she had contracted with a publisher. Miss Wood alleges that former Postmaster General Wynne met her at a hotel in Washington where he detained her for two days and by threats and force, took from her the alleged love letters. She says Mr. Wynne was accompanied by two men, one of whom gave his name as Hunter.

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Loeb Never Saw the Lady.

Glenwood Springs, Col., May 1.—"Why, I never saw the woman in my life, nor do I want to see her," said William Loeb, Jr., secretary to President Roosevelt, when he was shown a dispatch concerning a suit filed in Omaha by Miss Mae Wood asking $35,000 jointly of Mr. Loeb, former Postmaster General Wynne and J. Martin Miller, a Newark, N. J., newspaper man, who was recently appointed consul at Aix la Chappelle. When the morning newspapers arrived giving a detailed account of the damage suit Mr. Loeb read the story carefully and remarked:

"It is just as I thought. I will have to get a bill of particulars to tell how I am connected with the case. The only knowledge I have of Miss Wood is in relation to her position in the postoffice department and the notoriety she brought to herself just prior to the marriage of Senator Platt of New York. She called up the White House and asked if she could see me. Assistant Secretary Barnes talked with her, and as her business did not seem to be important I declined to see her. That is all I know personally of the woman. I am at a loss to see where she gets my name into the action for damages."

CORTELYOU MAY RESIGN.

Said to Have Been Offered Presidency of Equitable Life.

Washington, May 1.—The rather positive information is here that George B. Cortelyou, the postmaster general of the United States, has been offered the presidency of the Equitable Life Assurance society of New York at an annual salary of $100,000—further, that Mr. Cortelyou has the offer under serious advisement. He will await the return of the president before giving his final answer. It is believed that the offer of the place to Mr. Cortelyou came through the Frick influence as a direct result of the selection made by now Senator and ex Attorney General Knox, who is under legal retainer to straighten out and pacify the friction which has been on with its management for some weeks.

Of course, if the president should insist on Mr. Cortelyou remaining in the cabinet it would largely affect the determination as to the offer, but it is one of such temptation that it is a matter of quite serious reflection and will be kept under advisement until President Roosevelt returns to Washington.

In this connection it may be said that President Roosevelt looks upon Cortelyou as a quite logical quantity to succeed him as president of the United States, and is inclined to be open to suggestion of any reasons to the contrary why he would not be a most admirable candidate. Be this as it may, his acceptance of a great fiduciary trust such as the presidency of a mammoth financial institution might accelerate the president's professed desire in this respect much better than the humdrum routine of the postoffice department.

Army Captain Commits Suicide.

Salt Lake City, May 1.—Captain W. A. Raiborne, 29th infantry, U. S. A., committed suicide at Fort Douglass after making a murderous assault on Lieutenant William H. Point, also of the 29th infantry.

$45,000 Fire at Oxford, Pa.

Oxford, Pa., May 1.—The Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad company's freight building at this place and 10 cars of freight were destroyed by fire last night. The loss is $45,000.

GUESTS NOT INJURED

But Four Employes on Ogden Special Train Are Killed in Wreck.

COLLISION BEFORE BREAKFAST

Party of Educators on Southern Tour In Railway Disaster at Greenville, S. C.—Prof. Farnam of Yale Among the Injured.

Greenville, S. C., May 1.—Four killed and 11 injured is the fate of the Ogden educational party, whose special train was wrecked while entering the Southern railway yards here. The wreck was caused by a collision with a switch engine. The engine of the special and several cars were derailed and the baggage and dining cars telescoped and set on fire. The excursion has been abandoned.

The dead are Charles M. Coope, flagman; J. Little, W. W. Cummings and J. F. Haynes. The last three were negro employes in the dining car.

Among the injured are Prof. Henry W. Farnam, Yale university; Mrs. Farnam; St. Clair McKelway, editor of the Brooklyn Eagle; R. M. Ogden, secretary of R. C. Ogden; Dr. Dreher, Roanoke college; Mrs. Thorpe, Cambridge, Mass.; John F. McCoy, tourist agent.

When the crash came the gas tank under the forward diner exploded and in an instant that car was in flames, and had the breakfasters been in the liner they would hardly been able to get out. It was in the rear end of the car that three colored men were caught and killed. The white flagman was thrown from the locomotive.

The wreck occurred a few minutes before 8 o'clock and most of the distinguished party were yet in their sleepers or dressing. Bishop McVicker, for instance, was shaving himself in his drawing room. His razor flew from his hand by the jar and the lock on his section sprung so that he could not get out. He made himself heard, but it took fully 15 minutes before he could be got out of the prison.

Former Mayor Seth Low of New York had a similar experience, but he was able to get out of his compartment with more ease. Mr. Low, under Mr. Ogden's advice and with a list on hand, went around checking up the party to see that all of Mr. Ogden's guests were alive and accounted for. When a report was made to Mr. Ogden by Mr. Low that all were accounted for, the disinguished man said: "Thank God for that."

When the dead cooks were taken from their car Mr. Ogden said to the undertaker that he wanted them all cared for with the same attention as if the dead were the wealthiest men in the party.

Mr. Ogden had not finished dressing when the crash came, but he got out, gave all necessary directions and did all that was possible to be done.

He sent a telegram to Governor Heyward in which he requested a rigid investigation into the cause of the wreck, and insisted that so far as he could see it was a piece of gross negligence on the part of the Southern railway.

The party decided to abandon the trip, and arrangements were made for a special train to New York.

TORNADO KILLS 21.

Many Houses at Laredo, Texas, Razed by Hurricane.

Laredo, Texas, May 1.—Twenty-one persons were killed and scores injured in Laredo and in New Laredo by a tornado which tore through both cities. The property damage is large.

Four of the dead were members of one family and were employed on the ranch of George Woodman. They were all crushed to death by the falling of the heavy walls of the adobe house. The others met their fate in a similar manner.

The damage wrought at the Laredo seminary is extensive. Not one of the group of excellent buildings escaped damage. The barracks, the primary building, Emery hall and the chapel were damaged from 50 to 75 per cent.

The escape from death of the teachers at the institution was narrow, as the walls of some of the buildings which they occupied were demolished.

The roof of the Mexican National hospital building was lifted from the edifice.

When the storm struck Laredo the huts occupied by the poorer classes were razed, and as the wind increased in force the more substantially constructed buildings were unroofed and in many cases demolished.

EVERY BONE BROKEN.

Bellwood Citizen Killed by Explosion of Acetelyne Lighting Plant.

Altoona, Pa., May 1.—Buried under six tons of salt, and with every bone in his body broken, J. M. McCloskey, councilman, volunteer fireman and prominent business man of Bellwood, seven miles east of here, was instantly killed by the explosion of an acetelyne gas plant in the wareroom of L. W. Irvine & Co., of which firm he was a member.

When the lights went down in the store McCloskey went into the wareroom to recharge the tank. Later he went back with a lantern, and the explosion followed. The building was blown to pieces, the end of the store demolished and two mules in the stable next to the wareroom killed.

TANK BLOWS UP, KILLS TWO.

Broad Street Station, Philadelphia, Left in Darkness.

Philadelphia, May 1.—Two men were instantly killed last night by the explosion of a tank in the electric light plant at the Broad street station of the Pennsylvania railroad. The dead are George D. Tollinger, aged 62 years, foreman of the night shift, and George Hoey, aged 35 years, engineer.

The electric light plant is situated on the south side of Filbert street under the train shed. The tank that exploded contained water and air and was used to regulate the running of elevators. The explosion was so great that the electric power machinery was damaged. This plant supplies light for the general offices of the company, the entire station and train shed, and other company buildings along the elevated tracks from the station to the Schuylkill river, a distance of nearly a mile. Broad street station was well filled with passengers when the explosion occurred.

The shock of the explosion shook the building and with it the lights went out, causing some excitement and much confusion. The great station was left so dark that passengers had much difficulty in finding the trains. In consequence of the accident all trains departed late. The signal light system of the company was not disturbed.

SAW SIGHTS OF GOTHAM.

Foreign Delegates to Railway Congress Entertained in New York.

New York, May 1.—French, Greek, Spanish, Finnish and English delegates in this city on their way to the International Railway congress to be held in Washington had a busy day sightseeing about the city.

The delegates were the guests of the Transportation club and an elaborate program had been arranged by the club to show the visitors everything of interest to the railroad business. The Grand Central station and the yards were visited, the subway was traversed and lunch was served on the special ferryboat chartered to take the delegates to Long Island City, where the tunnel shafts and the power houses of the Pennsylvania railway, built for the tunnels now in course of construction, claimed attention.

Later the power houses of the Metropolitan street railway and the Interborough company were seen and after a sail around the Battery, with a stop at the terminal of the Pennsylvania railway, the delegates were taken up the Hudson for a sail and a visit to Grant's tomb.

The delegates will leave here today for Philadelphia, where they will spend tomorrow and then proceed to Washington for the opening of the congress on Wednesday.

CRITICIZED THE COURT.

Social Democratic Speaker Roasts U. S. Supreme Tribunal.

New York, May 1.—At the May day celebration of the Social Democratic party in Carnegie hall, Benjamin Hanford, who has been a candidate for governor of this state, and later a candidate for the vice presidency of the United States, was the chief speaker. Speeches and music made up the program of the day. Mr. Hanford during his speech reviewed the industrial situation of the country.

In referring to the decision of the United States supreme court, Mr. Hanford said that the court was divided five to four against the 10-hour law. He said that that was the usual way, the court always decided against the workmen. "Instead of the supreme court," he continued, "we ought to have an official die thrower, we ought to shake the dice and then the workmen would get a decision once in a while. I suppose there is as much rascality in the members of the supreme court as you will find in any body on earth."

Mr. Hanford cautioned his hearers that while they might have contempt for the court they would do well to obey its mandates.

13 MINERS ENTOMBED.

Supposed to Have Been Killed by Explosion in Oklahoma.

Wilburton, Okla., May 1.—Thirteen miners were entombed and probably killed by an explosion in the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Coal company's mine near Wilburton. Their bodies may not be recovered for several days.

The men went into the shaft at midnight. Foreman William Ray, of the shift that left the mine at that hour, says that the mine was in good condition and a gas explosion was hardly probable. His shift left a shot hanging and this the new shift may have fired. It is suggested, from the force of the explosion, which could be heard for miles around and which tore heavy timbers aside and piled tons of dirt into the shaft, that a bad shot had set off some dynamite which had been stored conveniently for work in pushing the entries. The shaft is 350 feet deep.

BOYS FIND CORPSE.

John Turner of Scioto, O., Murdered at Marion, and Body Hidden.

Marion, O., May 1.—The body of John Turner, 30 years old, whose mother lives at Scioto, O., was found beneath the station platform of the Columbus, Delaware and Marion Interurban line at Owen, O., by boys who were looking for a baseball.

Turner was murdered, the authorities say, and his body placed where it was found to conceal the crime. The police are looking for "Clint" Long of Vinton county, Joseph Osenider and Clarence Osler of Pennsylvania, whom they suspect of knowing something of the crime.

STRIKE MUST GO ON

Chicago Employers Refuse to Arbitrate Differences With Teamsters.

APPEAL MADE TO PRESIDENT

He, With Governor Deneen and Mayor Dunne, Is Asked by Federation of Labor to Investigate Before Sending Soldiers to Chicago.

Chicago, May 1.—Chicago had on working clothes as a result of the teamsters' strike, which failed of settlement. From daylight until dark downtown streets were crowded with heavily laden wagons, giving the city a week day appearance. Believing that the fight now going on for supremacy between the employers' association and the union teamsters is to be a protracted one, business men sought to procure an extra stock of material and supplies.

While these preparations were going on efforts were making in Mayor Dunne's office to bring about an adjustment. A committee representing the employers' association met Mayor Dunne's peace committee, consisting of Bishop C. P. Anderson of the Episcopal church; Jenkin Lloyd Jones of All Souls church, Dr. Emil G. Hirsch of Sinai temple, Miss Jane Addams of Hull house and Dr. Cornelia de Bey of Neighborhood house. At the end of this conference a committee representing the unions met the mayor's peace committee.

The Chicago Federation of Labor was also busy considering the strike situation, but no action was taken to spread the strike to the affiliated unions. The federation adopted the following resolution:

"Whereas, the employers' association and its allies have declared their deliberate intention to crush out of existence all labor organizations; and

"Whereas, in pursuance of this policy said employers' association and its allies are resorting to every scheme of misrepresentation for the purpose of misleading the public; and

"Whereas, the said association has determined at least to refuse all overtures for arbitration into the facts causing the present industrial conditions, therefore, be it

"Resolved, that we request President Roosevelt, Governor Deneen and Mayor Dunne to investigate conditions in Chicago before complying with any request made for the use of militia in the city during the present difficulty, and be it further

"Resolved, that the president of this organization be instructed to appoint a committee to lay the facts before President Roosevelt, Governor Deneen and Mayor Dunne and take such other steps as may be necessary to give effect to these resolutions."

The conferences in Mayor Dunne's office lasted six hours and the peace committee failed utterly in its efforts to bring about a settlement. The committee issued the following statement:

"The members of this commission regret to inform the public that after having heard representatives of both parties no plan was found to bring about an adjustment of the difficulty.

"The representatives of the employers refused to accept any commission or means of arbitration which was suggested, while the laboring men declared their readiness to acquiesce in the plan of submitting the controversy to persons commanding the respect and confidence of the community."

SERVICES OVER GEN. LEE.

Remains of Distinguished Virginian Taken to Richmond.

Washington, May 1.—Brief funeral services over the remains of General Fitzhugh Lee were held this morning at the Church of the Epiphany. They consisted of the ritualistic Episcopal service for the dead and were conducted by the Rev. Randolph H. McKim, rector of the church, who was an officer of General Lee's regiment and is chaplain of the Confederate Veterans' association.

Following this the body was removed at noon to the Pennsylvania railroad station and under civil and military escort left here in a special train for Richmond, Va., where the burial will take place in Hollywood cemetery, according to the present arrangements, on Thursday.

TO HONOR THE DEAD.

Old Time Ceremony Will Be Held Over Slain Japanese Soldiers.

Tokio, May 1.—With elaborate ceremony, beginning Wednesday and ending Friday, the names of 30,866 soldiers and sailors of Japan killed prior to the battle of Mukden will enshrined in the Spokansha temple.

Many kinsmen and kinswomen of the victims are assembling in Tokio for the ceremony and are being shown special consideration. They will be the special guests of the government. The emperor and empress of Japan will attend the ceremony on Thursday and the crown prince and princess will be present on Friday. The ceremony is based on the national belief in the immortality of the soul and the homage due to ancestors.

Son Kills Father With Shotgun.

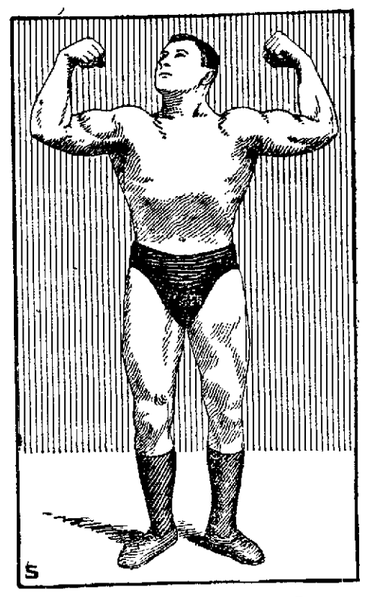
Omaha, Neb., May 1.—While John Osborn, displeased with a meal served to him by his wife, was throwing bricks through the window of his house, his son, Leo Osborn, took a shotgun and killed his father.

Giant Wrestlers.

Hackenschmidt and Jenkins Soon to Meet In New York For World's Championship.

Georges Hackenschmidt, the wonderful European wrestling champion who is soon to meet in New York Tom Jenkins of Cleveland for the world's premiership, catch-as-catch-can style could easily make his fortune as a heavy weight lifter.

Hackenschmidt, better known as "Big Hack" or the "Russian Lion," has muscular development far superior to



GEORGES HACKENSCHMIDT.

that of the famous Sandow. It is his strength rather than his knowledge of wrestling that has made him Europe's champion.

Hack's favorite exercise is toying playfully with hundred pound dumbbells. With a hundred pound bell in each hand he goes through various movements with as much ease as does the average man with half pound weights.

Hack will have an advantage of about fifteen pounds in weight over the Clevelandite, but Jenkins himself is neither a pygmy nor a weakling.

When one surveys Jenkins from the back his great shoulders and powerful neck bar the view of things beyond about as effectively as a fence. His collars are made to order, for the No. 20 he wears is not found on the counters of any shop.

But Hack beats Tom two points in the matter of collars, for his food channel is encircled by a No. 22. In all other respects is the giant Hack a marvel. Only in height and reach does Jeffries surpass him.

Hack's back muscles show to fine advantage when he dons his wrestling costume. Unlike Sandow's muscles, those of Hackenschmidt are useful in many ways as well as being adapted to weight lifting and posing.

It is not known that Sandow can run, swim, wrestle, jump, box or do anything really useful, while the Russian lion can do all these well. For this his muscles must necessarily be loose and pliable. When completely relaxed Hackenschmidt shows hardly a knot.

But with wonderful control of each sinew on his great body, he can throw them all out in bold relief in an instant. His footwork and speed will be a revelation when he meets Jenkins.

The managers of the two giant gladiators recently met and arranged the terms of the bout.

Straight catch-as-catch-can rules were agreed upon, with the strangle hold barred.

When the question of date came up Hackenschmidt said that he would be

TOM JENKINS.

ready to enter the ring at any time, but Manager Pollock said that his man, Jenkins, would want at least two weeks to get into condition for such an important match.

Hackenschmidt said that he never used the strangle hold in his matches to throw his men, and Pollock suggested that it be barred from use. Other important details were discussed. The men talked over the possibility of fouls, and it was agreed that if a man was thrown through the ropes he would not be allowed the decision on a foul, but would have to continue.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Where a farm is kept one-half in grass, with stock to utilize the grass and other products of the farm, it will in the very nature of things become more productive each year.

If there is any talk about a trolley line in your neighborhood it will be good money in your pocket to get next to the project, give the right of way through your farm and help it all you can.

The stump of a tree represents some of the meanest and most destructive work of men. It is too often economic wreckage, the sacrifice of the useful, the artistic and beautiful for a paltry present gain. Some men seem to hate a tree on general principles, when it is one of the most beneficent gifts of nature.

We are asked whether if a crop of seed clover plowed under in late September will so seed the land as to insure a stand of clover one year later. We have known this to be done quite frequently; The clover seed crop to be plowed under, as stated, a crop of corn to be taken from the ground the next year, this to be followed with oats, and a fine crop of clover to follow without additional seeding. In ordinary seasons this result may reasonably be looked for.

A boy can never be interested in farm work unless some effort is made to make his work pleasant for him. If he is given a poor horse to care for, a poor tool to work with, hard and unpleasant work to do and no tangible and visible money return for his labor, he will take the first chance to leave the farm and try his luck at something else. It is really a very easy proposition to interest most boys in the farm, but they must be treated as boys and not as hired men.

A reader in Illinois wishes to know whether speltz would be a good crop for him to grow on his farm, located in central Illinois. We think not. Speltz is not as good or as useful a cereal as either wheat, rye, barley or oats where they will grow, but has a wide field of utility in the dry or semiarid regions where none of these cereals will do well. It would be, however, all right to experiment with a small patch and see, but we would have no confidence in it as a useful plant for the locality named.

When a farm produces much more forage than can be consumed on the place, such as corn stover, hay, straw and the like, and this surplus forage is either wasted or destroyed, the general plan of operation on such farm needs changing. More land should be put in pasture, a smaller area of cereals raised and more stock be kept. The silo is a most valuable factor in such new plan, its use on the average sixty acre farm being good for the keep of at least fifteen more head of stock than it would ever carry under the old plan.

A friend wishes to know if the bacterial culture supplied by the department of agriculture is of value in treating land to be sown to clover. We hardly think that it is. Nearly all land will grow clover, save the few localities where the soil because of acidity has become what is termed "clover sick." The bacteria incident to the growth and development of the clover plant are present in nearly all well drained soils, and a dressing of ten or twelve loads of barnyard fertilizer to the acre with a manure spreader will in nearly all cases insure a vigorous growth of clover. The case seems to be different with alfalfa, the bacterial life associated with the development of this legume either being entirely absent or in such limited amount as to make the inoculation of the soil an important factor in attempting to grow it.

There are a few signs which mark the good farmer which never fail. One is that he will not try to work more land than he can do well, another that he will insist on rotating his crops, another that he will keep at least a third of his land in clover or grass. He will also save and use all the manure made on the farm, and if he does not keep registered stock he will at least keep high grade animals. Then his fall plowing is done early—in August, if possible. He will cut up his corn and save the fodder. He is quite likely to have a silo, and you will usually find in his poultry yard well bred chickens of some one breed. He will keep his home yard neat and attractive, have a tool house and a shed for his machinery, keep his buildings painted and the weeds cut along the highway on his farm. He is sure to attend his town caucus and is quite likely to go to church on Sunday, while his boys and girls will have the advantage of a normal school or college education. He will be a reader and thinker as well as a worker, having found out that brains count for more than muscle in farm work. You know him? We do.

Fewer acres and better seed and culture should be the motto for the farm work for the year 1905.

The acre reclaimed is always like the lost sheep, an acre which always gives us more pleasure to cultivate than the ninety and nine which were always good.

The summer supply of fuel should be got together right now and put where the good wife can always have dry wood. If we were a woman and our man should make us hunt fuel to cook his meals with, we would feed him on raw oatmeal and soggy biscuits until he came to.

Those 100 young roosters which you will raise this spring should be properly operated upon at the right time and converted into 100 eight pound capons to bring you over a dollar apiece next winter. Just as well have it done as not. The old way they are not worth over 25 cents each.

A practical and profitable system of crop rotation is more needed all through the corn belt than any other one thing. Where corn will grow neither oats nor wheat will do very well, and the temptation is ever present to follow corn with corn, to the manifest injury of the crop and the soil.

One trouble is that men are apt to regard the whole cornfield as the unit, when the real unit should be each individual hill. If the field as a whole looks well and thrifty they think they have a good field of corn, when a close examination will show that some hills are missing, some with a single kernel in, some with altogether too many. It is this way of doing which reduces the yield of corn per acre.

The farmers everywhere should get up on both hind feet and insist that the telephone poles which now are found along almost all public highways stuck out about four feet from the fences shall be removed back on to the fence line. As now set it is impossible to mow the highways with any ease. We often wonder what lunatic started this plan of sticking them out into the road. They would be moved if on our farm mighty quick.

The habit and growth of trees are very excellent indications of the fertility of the soil where they grow, this supposing that the rainfall of any given locality is sufficient for vigorous tree growth. Where trees grow tall and thrifty there is a strong soil. Where they grow gnarly and scrubby there is a poor soil. The vigorous and thrifty timber growth will always be associated with an equally vigorous and healthy growth of the lesser things—the shrubs, bushes and vines. Large trees will be found where hazel brush and blackberry vines grow to a height of eight feet.

The common gray rabbit, which is generally supposed to be a timber animal, has with the settlement of the prairies become a very common attache of all prairie farms. He finds the cornfields a fine place in which to breed and hide and takes naturally to road culverts and the bits of grove scattered all over. He has to dodge the hen hawk and the big barn owl during the summer and the farmers' boys during the winter. We have known as many as 100 of these rabbits to be killed in a single day out on the prairie the past winter. The principal harm which they do is to the young fruit trees, and in this connection they must be closely watched.

A man city born and bred and now a resident of one of our largest cities told us recently that because he had become interested in reading these notes he had further become interested in trying to grow some fruit, flowers and shrubs on his city lot and that last year he had turned his attention to roses, asters, a strawberry bed and some other things which he had room to grow, and he added that he had come to take a most intense pleasure in this sort of work, being only too willing to get up early in the morning to care for his pets, as he called them, and finding in doing this work a most welcome and healthful change and relaxation from his confining office work. The love of nature and nature study is latent in almost all men, and its development is always refining, healthful and inspiring, a cure for many a human ill both physical and mental.

The restless, migratory disposition of the American people is utterly destructive of one of the best assets of life, and that the benefits which grow out of continuity of residence and employment in a given place and with a given business It is easy to find people—and they are pretty good people, too—who in the course of twenty-five years have been in half a dozen different lines of business and lived in a dozen different places, roamed from the east to the far west, from north to south, been farmers, fruit growers, storekeepers, speculators, handled insurance and machinery, dabbled in politics and preaching, always unsatisfied and a-moving, never getting ahead in a financial way and having few or no reliable and old time friends. While this spirit of unrest has done much to populate and develop all sections of the county and was the legitimate outgrowth of our pioneer life, its day of usefulness is past, and no one lesson is more needed to be learned by the American people now than this of sticking to one business and one locality and thus reaping the valuable rewards which inevitably are associated with continuity of employment and residence. It is all right to travel and see the world as one has opportunity, but stick to the old home and the old business.

HE DOES NOT WANT MORE LAND.

You have a good farm of 165 acres and are not content, but want more land. Let's see. You raised last year an average of thirty-three bushels of corn to the acre and thirty-two of oats; your hay gave you one ton and a quarter to the acre, your potatoes ninety-five bushels; you got $89 from your poultry yard, and your cows returned you $30 each for cream sold; your steers sold a good way under the top of the market, and the only full blooded thing you have on the place is a shepherd dog, which followed you home from town one day. See here; you don't want any more land. If you had more acres to work, your crops would be still smaller. The trouble is the acres you have want a coat of brains. We passed your place the other day and saw your stock eating up and wasting a poorly built stack of what was last July fine timothy and clover hay; we saw your milk cows one cold morning out in the cornfield foraging among the stalks and noticed toward night that your hens roosted in the trees around the barn; we also saw your wife with a shawl over her head digging around the wood pile to get a little dry wood to cook your supper with, and you recollect we met you in town loafing on a dry goods box and cussing the government. You know that your boy was pulled before the mayor for getting drunk and raising Cain one night lately and that about that time one of your best horses was ruined with a barbed wire cut because the halter rope was rotten and the barn door off the hinges. You don't want any more land. The more you have the worse you will be off. Better just stop and have a good thinking spell all by yourself and see if you can't better yourself under existing conditions. It is entirely possible for you on this farm to double your present income, and that's no joke either. Brains and work will make the old farm give you sixty bushels of corn to the acre, two and a half tons of hay, fifty-five bushels of oats. You can get $500 income from your cows, and your poultry yard should give you $250 if properly managed. Run in debt if need be for a manure spreader tomorrow and get those 400 loads of manure, which makes a bog of your barnyard, out on to the fields. Test those cows and fire the unprofitable ones. Get a $150 bull at the head of your herd, sow at least twenty acres of clover this spring and every spring thereafter, rotate your crops, build a silo, save your corn fodder, get dry wood handy for your wife, quit loafing in town, fill your home with good reading matter and quit cussing the administration and wishing for more land. You will think inside of three years you have more land than you can work. The foregoing is perhaps not very nicely said, but it is the truth and sizes up the case of a whole lot of you fellows.

TESTING SEED CORN.

Hundreds of men who read this item will be planting a field of corn before long. Most of them have their seed corn saved after a fashion; some have it in the crib, some up in the attic, some in the oat bin, some down cellar. Few of them really know just what per cent of this seed corn will grow. Many of them will test it by selecting a few kernels here and there and planting them, but that will be all. There is a better way—a method by which the exact germinating power of the seed corn can be determined. It requires a little time and patience, but the work can be done during stormy days. Take the corn selected for seed and lay it all out on the table or on the floor. First make a careful selection as to type, throwing out all ears which are not up to the standard which you select; then put the selected ears in groups of ten each and number each ear; then take out four kernels from different parts of each ear, laying them opposite each ear; then take a box five inches deep and large enough to test each ear, marking it off in one and one-half inch squares after it is filled with two inches of sand or loam. Number the squares in pencil so that they will correspond to the numbers on the corn, place the four kernels in their proper square, lay over them a sheet of cloth and place on that an inch or so of damp sawdust. Set the box in a room where the temperature will not be over 70 and inside of a week you can gently raise the cloth and find out just what kind of seed corn you have got. Ears which are thus shown to be defective or weak in germinating power can then be identified and thrown out. Good seed has more to do with the yield of the corn crop than most people think.

THE BARREN STALK.

There are plenty of men who would not for a moment think of using a weak, degenerate sire for their herds who will still plant weak and degenerate kernels of corn, which at best can only develop vigor enough to shove up a weak stalk and throw off a little pollen, never attempting to make an ear, making up what has been found to be not less than 20 per cent of the stand in many a cornfield. In fact, the use of seed of low vitality, which is the prime cause of the barren stalk, is almost as great a loss to the average corn grower as though the seed would not germinate at all, for this barren stalk but robs its more thrifty and healthy brother of light, sunshine, fertility and moisture and is worth nothing save for fodder. Then, further, its pollen, which it scatters over the field, is always at work lowering the grade of all corn with which it comes in contact. Better no stalk than this scrub parasite in the cornfield.

Jno Trigg

Disraeli and His Father.

Lord Dufferin used to tell the following story about his mother and Disraeli:

My mother was among the first of Disraeli's acquaintances to recognize his great ability, and she saw a great deal of him when at Mrs. Norton's, when he was a young man about town. She did not see very much of him after he had once entered upon his political career. Here, however, is a little anecdote which is very characteristic and amusing. My mother had a great admiration for the "Curiosities of Literature" and was anxious to make the acquaintance of Disraeli's father, but there was a difficulty about this, as at the moment he was not on good terms with his father.

However, he appeared one day with his father in tow. As soon as they were both seated Disraeli turned around and, looking at his father as if he were a piece of ornamental china, said to my mother: "Madam, I have brought you my father. I have become reconciled to my father on two conditions. The first was that he should come to see you and the second that he should pay my debts."

Boxing Sardines.

When sardines in tens of thousands reach the factory they are cleaned by long rows of women with short knives and go for two hours into the salt vats. They next have a bath of sea water in coarse baskets under a pump and are put to dry in the open on wire racks till they begin to shrivel, when they are taken to the tanks of boiling oil. Into one of these each rack is plunged for a moment or two and then set aside to drip, after which the fish are selected and laid carefully in tin boxes, which are filled up with oil. The box now passes to the hands of the solderer to be sealed, and when this is completed a hole is punched in the lid to let out any imprisoned air and closed at once with solder. As a final stage the tins are placed in a huge iron crate and lowered into tanks of boiling water, when they will explode if any air is still shut in. Those that stand this test are packed in wooden cases for exportation.

Papyrus Books.

Early writers made use of linen or cotton fabrics, of skins and even of scales of fishes for writing. For a long period papyrus was used, the books being made in rolls, being about one and one-half feet wide and sometimes fifty feet long. Papyrus was a flag or bulrush, growing eight or ten feet high, found in the marshes of Egypt; from its inner pith the form of paper called papyrus was made. Papyrus sheets were neatly joined, attached to a stick and rolled upon it (whence we have our word "volume," from the Latin volvere, to roll). The titles were written on tags attached to the sticks or inscribed on the outside of the rolls. The rolls were kept in round wooden boxes resembling the old fashioned bandboxes and could easily be carried about.

Shoe Superstitions.

The Chinese value a pair of boots which have been worn by an upright magistrate, and the custom of wishing a friend a "happy foot" is still observed all through Europe. The putting of the left shoe on the right foot, putting it on uneven or crosswise, bursting the latch or tie, lacing it wrong or losing a button, are all bad signs. A Yorkshire man will spit in his right shoe before putting it on when going out on important business to bring luck, and many an English girl has been known to hang her boots out of the window on St. Valentine's night for love luck.

Why Arctic Waters Are Yellow.

Arctic explorers never tire of telling how beautifully yellow the waters of the northern sea appear. To those who live on the seashore in temperate and tropical countries the stories of travelers concerning the yellow waters of Greenland and Iceland are taken with the proverbial "grain of salt," but scientists have declared that the arctic seas are yellow, and it was Scoresby who first explained the cause of its peculiar color. Perceiving that the waters were of an unusual color, he had some drawn up and examined it with his microscope. To his surprise, he found that the color was due to the presence of minute animalcules, each so inconceivably small that a single drop of the water contained upward of 20,000 of the little creatures. At that rate a pint of the water would show 170,000,000, each sporting about in his place without disturbing or crowding his neighbor.

Beating of Dead Hearts.

Hearts of cold blooded animals will beat for a comparatively long time after death or removal from the body (if kept cold and moist) because of powerful internal collections of nerves known as ganglia, whose automatic impulses cause the regular contractions of the muscles. Similar ganglia exist in man and other warm blooded animals, but their action is less prolonged. Scientists have ascertained that a turtle's heart will beat after removal if put on a piece of glass, kept cool and moist and covered with a bell jar. I believe it has been known to beat thirty-six or even forty-eight hours. Twelve or fourteen hours is a common record. —St. Nicholas.

Anger ventilated often hurries toward forgiveness; anger concealed often hardens into revenge.—Bulwer.

Truths that Strike Home

Your grocer is honest and—if he cares to do so—can tell you that he knows very little about the **bulk** coffee he sells you. How *can* he know, where it originally came from, how it was blended—or **with what**—or when roasted? If you buy your coffee loose by the pound, how *can* you expect purity and uniform quality?

LION COFFEE, the LEADER OF ALL PACKAGE COFFEES, is of necessity uniform in quality, strength and flavor. For OVER A QUARTER OF A CENTURY, LION COFFEE has been the standard coffee in millions of homes.

LION COFFEE is carefully packed at our factories, and until opened in your home, has no chance of being adulterated, or of coming in contact with dust, dirt, germs, or unclean hands.

In each package of LION COFFEE you get **one full pound** of Pure Coffee. Insist upon getting the genuine. (Lion head on every package.)

(Save the Lion-heads for valuable premiums.)

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Season of 1905

—AT—

The Dalton Stock Farm

Two of Bell Bros. imported stallions will make the season of 1905 at our barns ***one and one-half miles N.-E. of Dalton, O.***

The one a black ***Percheron,*** six years old and has proven himself a sure foalgetter.

The other a ***German Coach,*** with the best of color, style and action.

Terms:—$15.00 to insure a colt 10 days old.

For pedigree and further description call on or address,

L. S. RUOY, - - DALTON, O.

U. S Phone, 2 rings on 10

CLOSES RIVER GAP

COTTON BELT'S NEW BRIDGE COMPLETES STEEL HIGHWAY TO THE SOUTHWEST.

OPENED TO TRAFFIC APRIL 18.

All Cotton Belt Route trains between St. Louis and the southwest now use the new steel bridge across the Mississippi river at Thebes, Ill., doing away with the ferry transfer and shortening schedules an hour.

The Cotton Belt has a line of lowest grades, fewest curves and one of the smoothest tracks between St. Louis and the southwest.

The new bridge adds to the facilities in reaching the country of mild climate and cheap homes—Arkansas, Louisiana and Texas. Write for literature descriptive of this wonderful fertile country. Cheap homeseeker's rates first and third Tuesdays of each month.

June 20th, we will run a special train excursion of fruit and truck growers, and others interested to the famous East Texas fruit country. This will afford an opportunity of seeing the gathering and marketing of the big fruit crop. Write for itinerary and cost of trip.

Cotton Belt trains leave St. Louis daily, 9:20 a. m. and 9:32 p. m.

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Cotton Belt Route, Cincinnati, O.

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Our Prices Lower than the Lowest.

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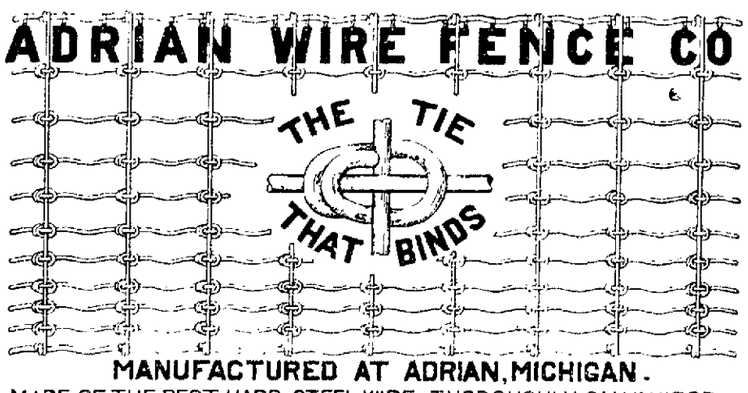

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MADE OF THE BEST HARD STEEL WIRE, THOROUGHLY GALVANIZED. THE LOCKS WILL NOT SLIP, THEY ARE NOT DROVE DOWN ON THE WIRE, HENCE NOT A WIRE IN THE FENCE IS INJURED. 16 CROSS BARS TO THE ROD. **THE HEAVIEST WOVEN WIRE STANDARD FARM FENCE ON THE MARKET.**

FOR SALE BY

J. R. SMITH, 76 W. MAIN ST.

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BRICK - - BRICK.

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To Cure a Cold in One Day Cures Grip in Two Days.

Take **Laxative Bromo Quinine** Tablets. Seven Million boxes sold in past 12 months. This signature, E. W. Grove on every box. 25c.

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MEMBER ASSOCIATED PRESS.

THE EVENING INDEPENDENT is on sale at Bahney's Book Store, Bammerlin's Cigar Stand and Hankins's News Stand in North Mill Street.

UNION LABEL

THURSDAY, MAY 4, 1905

Canton is working hard to secure the Democratic state convention and with its fine new Auditorium and excellent hotel accommodations, it certainly is entitled to consideration.

A bill was recently introduced into the Wisconsin legislature which was meant to put a stop to petty grafting by public officials and the business men with whom they dealt. By the time it had been passed it was discovered that its operations would not extend to waiters, bell boys, bootblacks and every sort of servants. There was at first a disposition to amend the bill so that these persons might be excluded, but the change was never made and the bill has become a law. Although Wisconsin has been forced into its work of reform, the crusade which should result from the passage of the anti-tipping bill may possibly have wide spreading results for good.

The New York Sun notes the turning of Colonel Bryan to an old love, namely, a federal license for corporations. Without such a license, the colonel maintains in a recent magazine article, no corporation should be allowed to do business outside of the state in which it was organized. Mr. Bryan, says the Sun, thinks nothing of the great losses in salaries and wages that would ensue if any big corporation could be prevented from doing business save in a single state. He gaily proposes to put it into the power of somebody, probably politicians or a board of nobodies at Washington, to play hob with the most extensive business enterprises in the country. "It would be possible," he writes, "to destroy every monopoly which now preys upon the country." If we grasp the Nebraska economist's terminology, he means by "monopoly" a "big corporation." Mr. Bryan has a fine collection of "ideals," and if he could have his way he would soon give his fellow citizens a fine collection of panics.

LANDLORDS COMPLAIN.

Thirty Thousand Vacant Houses in London.

London, May 3.—There are over thirty thousand unoccupied houses in London, and the number is increasing almost daily. Landlords and house agents are searching vainly for tenants, whom the burden of rates deters from becoming householders.

"Never was the outlook so gloomy," said a house agent this week. "I can offer houses in one of the most exclusive districts of southwest London at lower rentals than I have ever known in my long experience. The reason is, of course, that the rates are abnormally high. My clients invariably inquire if the rates are included in the rental, and when they know that, in addition to the sum paid to the landlord, £10 or £12 are exacted by the municipal authorities, they decline to complete the bargain.

"Householders seem anxious to live in flats, where agreements for a fixed period of occupation are not required, and where the landlord is responsible for the rates. I estimate that at least $60,000,000 capital invested in London in bricks and mortar is lying idle. It is a much better investment to own property in low class districts than in more respectable localities. I do not think there will be much change in the situation until the rates are lower, and when that will be is known only to the local government board and the rating authorities."

WARM AND RAINY.

Crop Bulletin for Week Ending May 1.

The Ohio section of the weather bureau's crop bulletin for the week ending May 1 is as follows: Warm, with much rainy weather; vegetation made good growth, but farm work delayed; wheat, rye, meadows and pastures generally in fine condition; corn planting general in southwest; clover promising; fruits also promising, except peaches and early cherries, which were damaged by frost; potato planting and oat seeding well advanced; oats starting well; tobacco plants backward.

PAINT INSURANCE.

You may have fire, accident, tornado and burglar insurance. Why not insure your buildings against decay? Green Seal Liquid Paint will do it. For sale by Hawk Hardware Co.

NEW DRILL FOR COAL TESTING.

Guests Were at the Edward Christman Plant Monday.

TRACTION DRILLING MACHINE.

The Entire Outfit is the Product of Massillon Interests, While the Drilling Machine Has Been Made Upon Plans Based Upon Twenty Years' Experience.

Accepting an invitation of the Edward Christman Company, about one hundred citizens of Massillon and surrounding territory were the company's guests at the factory to witness the work of the company's new traction drilling machine Monday afternoon. The machine was kept in operation from 3 to 5 o'clock and all who witnessed the work were full of praise.

The Edward Christman Company was organized some time ago with a capital stock of $10,000 and operations were commenced in a small way to manufacture drilling machines for testing for coal, lead and zinc in mineral lands, to drill water wells and to do other work of a similar nature. The company first perfected a drilling machine under the supervision of Mr. Christman. This machine contained many advantageous points over other drills and has been built in accordance with ideas which have been formed during twenty years of actual experience in drilling under all conditions with all classes of drills.

As soon as the drilling machine had been successfully tested and found to be superior to other drills the company started to build a traction carriage upon which was to be placed the drilling apparatus. The company aimed to do away with the use of horses by the driller and to give him enough motive power to move his drilling machine to any desired place, no matter what the obstacle might be. This traction carriage has now been completed and the drilling machine placed thereon and the complete outfit was in operation Monday afternoon in the yard near the factory in the manufacturing district. The company occupies the old silica plant near the W. R. Harrison plant and has fitted up the building with machinery for turning out complete drilling machines.

The outfit exhibited Monday afternoon was the product of Massillon interests. All the foundry work was done by local institutions. The complete machine was tested in all manners before the spectators. The engineer took the machine across the Wheeling & Lake Erie switches at will. At no place was there a crossing to be used. Boulders as large as a bushel basket were run over by the large wheels of the traction equipment without stopping the machine in the least. The rear wheels were buried two feet in ashes and gravel and the whole tamped solid. A boulder was placed in front of a rear wheel at the same time, but when steam was applied the machine started off without the least difficulty. The traction part of the machine was also given a test as to climbing by being taken up the steep Walnut street hill west of the B. & O. tracks and here again the traction equipment was equal to all emergencies. The present equipment is fitted with a six horse power engine.

The traction part of the outfit is connected to the engine by direct gear, thus doing away with the use of sprocket chains. In this the machine is an improvement over all other makes

The drill will make a six inch hole with hollow rods or cable tools to the depth of five hundred feet. A drilling machine is now under construction that will drill to the depth of one thousand feet. Mr. Christman said to a party of citizens Monday afternoon that he had orders on his books to keep the plant running to the middle of the summer.

The company was organized partly by Massillon capital. Mechanical engineers, geologists, metallurgists, practical drillers and capitalists are interested in the new company, which will be capitalized at a higher figure in the near future. The manufacturing part of the business is under the management of Thomas O. Poe, who has had a wide experience in this line of work.

The superior points in the Massillon drilling machine were pointed out by Mr. Poe Monday afternoon. The machine has the simplest and most convenient spudding device for driving pipe, for hollow rod drilling, the jetting system or for cable tools. No time is lost in disengaging the rope before pulling out the tools.

From ten to twenty-five more strokes a minute are obtained by this machine than by any other. The machine is noiseless in operation and it can be operated by either steam or gasoline power.

These and many other points were explained by Mr. Christman during the afternoon. Other drills and traction carriages under construction were inspected by the guests before leaving the plant.

STATE ENCAMPMENT.

G. A. R. to Meet at Washington Court House June 6-9.

The thirty-ninth annual state encampment, G. A. R., department of Ohio, will be held at Washington C. H., O., June 6, 7, 8 and 9, 1905. Preparations are being made on an extensive scale to entertain the thousands of old war veterans of the Grand Army, and the auxiliary organizations and their friends who will come together on the above dates.

The attractions at the encampment this year will be far above the average, and there will be something interesting doing every hour of each day. Eminent statesmen of all parties will be present. The two United States senators of Ohio; the governor and his staff, and General W. W. Blackmar, of Boston, commander-in-chief of the G. A. R. of the United States, and staff will attend the encampment. Other prominent personages have accepted invitations to attend.

On Wednesday afternoon, June 7, the big flower parade will take place, and on Thursday, June 8, the G. A. R. parade will be the feature. It will be headed by a veteran fife and drum corps of two hundred pieces, the largest martial band ever organized in America. The famous Jewell Juvenile drum corps of eighty-two pieces and a score of other drum corps and brass bands will be in line; also one thousand boys and girls from the soldiers' and sailors' orphans' home, of Xenia. This parade will, in many respects, be the most striking one ever given at any encampment.

A grand chorus of three hundred trained voices with orchestra will give numerous open air concerts, and there will be band concerts continuously. There will be camp fires and addresses by distinguished men, in addition to amusement features of various kinds to entertain the crowds.

The railroads have all made a rate of one cent per mile. The pleasant homes of Washington C. H. will be thrown open to the visitors in addition to the six splendid hotels of the city, and the very moderate rate of fifty cents per night for lodging and thirty-five cents each for meals has been fixed by the committee. The railroad accommodations are first class.

Washington C. H. is a growing, attractive city of eight thousand population, with numerous manufacturing enterprises, and is located in one of the ideal agricultural sections of the state. Its citizens will extend a royal welcome to all visitors.

FOUND DEAD IN THE LAKE.

Unknown Woman Supposed to Have Committed Suicide.

CORONER IS INVESTIGATING.

No Jewelry or Other Articles Found on the Body Which Would Assist in Identification—The Dead Woman Was About Forty Years of Age.

Canton, May 2.—The body of an unknown woman was found floating in Meyer's lake about 10:30 o'clock this morning and all indications point to a case of suicide. Jacob Dumont, an electrician employed at the lake, discovered the body about one hundred feet from the eastern shore, called assistance and removed it from the water. Later the body was taken in an ambulance to Blanchard's morgue, and the coroner is now holding an investigation.

The woman was about 40 years of age, five feet five inches in height, brown hair streaked with gray, gray eyes and weighed about one hundred and twenty pounds. She wore a blue jacket and blue colored straw hat. No jewelry was found on the body, nor any articles which would assist in identification.

About half an hour before the discovery of the body a woman answering the description of the drowned woman was seen walking toward the lake, but she was a stranger to those who saw her. The body had evidently been in the water but a short time.

The price of a pretty face is $1.00—three packages of Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. Brings red lips, bright eyes and lovely color. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Z. T. Baltzly.

WHAT IS WORTH PAINTING

Is worth painting well. Then be consistent and use Green Seal Liquid Paint. For sale by Hawk Hardware Co.

LIFE AND DEEDS WERE RECALLED.

Services in Memory of the Late Father Kaempker.

EULOGY BY FATHER KUEBLER.

Requiem High Mass Was Celebrated—MonseigneurThorpe, of Cleveland, Was Present—Other Pastors From Nearby Parishes Took Part in the Memorial Services.

The Month's Mind, a stated service in the Catholic church, was held in St. Mary's church Tuesday morning in memory of the late Father Henry V. Kaempker. The Rev. Father Reuter, pastor in charge, had general charge of the services. He was assisted by a number of the clergy from this part of Ohio. The services were attended by over three hundred members of the congregation and lasted fully two hours. The eulogy was delivered by the Rev. Jacob Kuebler, pastor of the Shelby settlement parish, formerly pastor of St. Joseph's church, of this city.

Requiem high mass was celebrated with the Rev. Michael Vollmayer, pastor of St. Joseph's church, celebrant; the Rev. Father Schoenman, of Canton, deacon; the Rev. Father Alten, of Navarre, sub-deacon. Other clergy taking part were the Rev. Fathers McGuire, Canton; Gardner, Perrysburg; Senner, Louisville; Leininger, Zanesville, and two Capuchin fathers from Canal Dover. Monseigneur Thorpe, of Cleveland, was present and took a prominent part in the services.

The Rev. Father Kuebler spoke eloquently of the steadfastness of purpose as exemplified in all of the deeds of the late Father Kaempker. He narrated instances in the life of the deceased where personal sacrifice was made without the least complaint either in private or public. Father Kaempker, he said, would have made a success of any calling. He chose the ministry and after leaving college decided that Europe did not offer the advantages to him for doing good that America did and he came to the United States. His work here for the past thirty years was a shining example of what may be accomplished by one who gives his time and energy to the single cause of the church.

Father Kuebler returned to Shelby Settlement Tuesday afternoon and the other clergy left the city by evening.

MT. AIRY ANOTHER YEAR.

Miss Vaughn Has Renewed Lease on Present Building.

Miss Dorothy Vaughn, superintendent of the Mt. Airy hospital, has leased the building now used as a hospital for another year, dating from May 31, from the owner, Per Lee Hunt, who recently purchased the building. This assures a hospital in the city for at least thirteen more months.

The Hall Memorial school will remain in its present location in the building in Wissmar street until June 1 at least. As to the location of the school after that date nothing definite has been decided upon.

MANY MEN WANTED

Good Positions in Pittsburg Awaiting Young Men From This Section.

A story published in the Pittsburg papers a few days ago reports an unusual demand there for young men to engage in the street car business. This section has furnished quite a number of good men who went to Pittsburg and are holding important positions there with the Pittsburg Railways Company. With the consolidation of Pittsburg, Allegheny and surrounding towns into one metropolitan city—the Greater Pittsburg—an unprecedented and permanent boom has set in, and there comes a demand for more men, especially motormen and conductors.

The Pittsburg Railways Company employs over 5,000 men and the papers there say good paying positions await several hundred men. The company prefers young men from the country and no previous experience in the business is necessary. Any person of steady habits, honest and of average intelligence can learn the business in a few days. The pay runs from 22 cents an hour up. Hundreds of motormen and conductors in Pittsburg earn from $75 to $90 per month. The work is easy and clean and all cars have vestibuled cabs, protecting the operators from inclement winter. The company has an employment agent who hires all men after examination.

Healthy, happy babies. Mothers say that Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is the greatest baby medicine in the world. Makes them strong, well and active. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Z. T. Baltzly.

HANNAS' LUSTRO FINISH

Beautiful and durable. Used on floors and other woodwork. "Made to walk on." The only way to properly finish a floor. See the finished samples. At Hawk Harwdare Co.

STRIKE IS GROWING.

Coal Teamsters of Chicago Join the Strikers.

Chicago, May 3.—All the teamsters of the Crear & Clinch Company, which has a contract to furnish coal to many office buildings, struck today because one of their number who refused to deliver coal to a boycotted firm was discharged. The teamsters of several other firms struck for a similar reason.

Trains of wagons under the protection of police had to fight their way long distances through the streets today. Many colored teamsters were injured by missiles, and shots were fired by the negroes and several strikers wounded. Nineteen negroes from Xenia, O., refused to work when told they would have to protect themselves from violence.

ODD FELLOWS TO MEET IN AKRON.

A Three Days Meeting of the Grand Lodge of Ohio.

REBEKAHS WILL ENTERTAIN

A Musical and Literary Programme Will be Given Each Evening—Six Girls From the Springfield Home Will Take Part in the Exercises—Massillon Odd Fellows to Attend.

The Odd Fellows of Massillon are planning to send a large delegation to Akron at the time of the annual grand lodge meeting which begins May 16. The grand lodge of Ohio has sent out notices that Akron will entertain lavishly and all members of the order who can possibly do so are urged to attend the sessions of the grand lodge.

Akron Odd Fellows are making elaborate preparations to entertain visiting members. The Odd Fellows of that city own a magnificent temple and the entire structure will be given to the entertainment of visiting members. The sessions of the grand lodge, both public and secret, will be held in Music hall. This will leave the I. O. O. F. temple solely to the visiting members.

The first session of the grand lodge will be held Tuesday evening, May 16. Little business will be done at this meeting but there will be several addresses. After organization, an entertainment will be given. The Rebekahs of that city will furnish an entertainment each evening. There will be music, recitations and other attractions each evening between 8 and 9 o'clock in the temple. Six little girls from the Odd Fellows home in Springfield will assist in the entertainments. A reception and dancing will follow each evening's entertainment.

A parade will be one of the features of the first day's meeting. The Uniformed Rank will be represented by several companies while members of the other branches of the order will attend from all parts of the state.

The grand lodge will be in session three days and opportunity will be given past noble grands of subordinate lodges to receive proper recognition from the grand lodge.

FIGHTING AT LODZ.

Troops Fire on Strikers, Killing Four Persons.

Lodz, Russian Poland, May 3.—Four men this morning shot and killed a police sergeant and severely wounded a detective who tried to arrest them. Serious riots occurred in streets during the night. The military fired on the crowd, killing four persons and wounding several others.

It pays to try our Want Columns.

Health

"For 25 years I have never missed taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla every spring. It cleanses my blood, makes me feel strong, and does me good in every way."
John P. Hodnette, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Pure and rich blood carries new life to every part of the body. You are invigorated, refreshed. You feel anxious to be active. You become strong, steady, courageous. That's what Ayer's Sarsaparilla will do for you. $1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

Ask your doctor what he thinks of this grand old family medicine. Follow his advice and we will be satisfied.

Ayer's Pills aid the Sarsaparilla greatly. They keep the liver active and the bowels regular.

J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

ANNUAL SESSION OF THE CLASSIS.

Matters of the Reformed Church are Considered.

OFFICERS ELECTED WEDNESDAY.

The Sessions are Being Held in the First Reformed Church in This City and Sixty Delegates Were Present Wednesday—There Will be Three Meetings Thursday.

The annual meeting of the Reformed church classis is in progress at the First Reformed church, corner of Wooster and West Main street. Eighty-five delegates are in attendance. The Rev. O. P. Foust, of his city, pastor of the First Reformed church, is president of this year's classis. The meetings opened Tuesday evening and will be continued Wednesday.

The opening devotional exercises Tuesday evening were conducted by the Rev. I. N. Burger, of Marshallville, and the Rev. W. S. Adams, of Stanwood. The sermon was preached by the Rev. H. L. Beam, of Wadsworth. The Rev. Mr. Burger was then elected president for the coming year and the Rev. H. J. Rohrbaugh, of New Berlin, corresponding secretary.

WEDNESDAY'S MEETINGS.

The Wednesday meetings were opened at 8 o'clock with devotional exercises, which were followed by a business meeting during which the Rev. I. N. Berger, of Marshallville, was elected president; the Rev. C. E. Ewing, of Barberton, permanent secretary; the Rev. H. J. Rohrbaugh, of New Berlin, corresponding secretary. The treasurer was not chosen and will not be until after the present treasurer, Peter Ault, of Marshallville, makes his annual report It is more than likely that Mr. Ault will be re-elected to the position, which he has held for several years.

Atfer the election, the morning session was taken up with reports from the ministers present. These reports contain all matters of information from each charge that is desired by the classis. The number of baptisms, confirmations and financial statistics are presented. The reading of reports was continued during the first part of the afternoon session. This was followed by the consideration of new business.

At 3:30 o'clock a conference on missions was begun. The subject was treated in a general way during the remainder of the afternoon meeting.

The session will last Thursday and if all of the business of the classis is not completed by Thursday evening a session will be held Friday morning. Sixty delegates were present at the Wednesday afternoon meeting and several more were expected on later trains.

CALEB POWERS' PETITION.

Wants to be Tried by United States District Court.

Georgetown, Ky., May 3.—Caleb Powers today made application to the circuit court to have his case transferred to the United States district court for the eastern district of Kentucky, on the ground that he had been denied and still is denied equal protection from the laws as guaranteed by the constitution of the United States and that by the working of the state courts of Kentucky in his case that portion of the fourteenth amendment to the federal constitution prohibiting any state from depriving any person of life, liberty or property, without due process law, has been violated. He instances the fact that three courts refused to recognize the pardon issued to him in legal form by the legally constituted governor of Kentucky. Also, that in all his three trials the jury has been solidly packed with Goebel Democrats, his political opponents, and that the Kentucky code permits the selection of Democratic juries. The petition avers that his three trials furnish the only instance where a governor's pardon was held null and void.

On motion of the commonwealth attorney, the judge called a special term of court on July 10 to consider whether the application shall be admitted to court. In the meantime it is said Powers will go before the United States district court to get a determination of the matter of jurisdiction on the question of transfer.

CASE IN JURY'S HANDS.

New York, May 3.—The Nan Patterson case went to the jury at 1:02 this afternoon.

PAINTING A HOUSE

Increases its value out of all pronortion to the cost of the job. A coat or two of Green Seal Paint is an investment that always pays big dividends. For sale by Hawk Harwdare Co.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Mrs. Kate Kapp, of Orrville, is visiting her cousin, Mrs. Louise Bullock, in West Main street.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman R. Hintz have moved from 61 East Oak street to 97 North East street.

Amos Girod left Wednesday morning for Portland, Ind., where he was called by the death of his brother-in-law, John Gillard.

William Hintz and Miss Mary Keifer, both of Crystal Spring, were married by the Rev. Father Reuter in St. Mary's church at 8:30 Wednesday morning.

A. H. Denbrock, a well known Wayne county school teacher, who has been at the head of the Navarre schools for the present school year, has been re-elected superintendent at an increased salary.

All interurban street cars and railway trains brought crowds of visitors to Massillon, beginning early Wednesday morning, the attraction being Robinson's circus. It is estimated that there were five thousand people on the streets to witness the parade at 11:30.

Suit has been brought against Senator Charles Dick and his former business partner, L. C. Miles, in the Summit county common pleas court on a joint note given last November by the Union National bank of this city. The note was given for $1,200 and is secured by collateral.

Mingo Junction had the biggest vote in the history of the town at the local option election Monday and the town went "wet" by over one hundred majority. The election was orderly. Mingo is the wettest town in Ohio, having forty saloons for three thousand people. The "drys" carried one out of the three precincts.

Mr. and Mrs. George Fair were pleasantly surprised by twenty friends at their home in Richville, Monday afternoon, who came to celebrate the fourth wedding anniversary of their host and hostess. The guests brought with them well laden baskets and many appropriate gifts. Mrs. J. F. Ress, of Streator, Ill., was the only out of town guest present.

Mr. and Mrs. John Featheringham, Mrs. Fothergill, Cyrus Featheringham and Robert Featheringham, left Monday morning for Youngstown to attend the funeral of their niece, Miss Tillie Featheringham, the sixteen-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Featheringham. The funeral will take place Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

Cerebro spinal meningitis, commonly known as spotted fever, has been declared an infectious disease by the state board of health. The motion that this dreadful scourge be placed among the list of dieases which must be reported to health authorities was adopted unanimously. Dr. Josiah Hartzell, of Canton, was present and voted for the motion.

Word was received here on Monday that Edward Nill was dangerously ill with appendicitis at Sarnia, Ontario. His mother, Mrs. Adolph Nill, and his sister, Miss Kate Nill, left at once for Sanira. Mr. Nill is a graduate of the Massillon high school and of Case school of applied science, Cleveland. He is at present employed as a chemist by the Standard Oil Company.

The stockholders of the Massillon club held their annual meeting Tuesday evening and re-elected the following officers: J. W. McClymonds, president; J. H. Hunt, first vice president; Charles Steese, second vice president; Harry L. McLain, treasurer; J. G. Lester, secretary. C. M. Russell, F. W. Arnold and M. R. Bissell were elected to serve as directors for three years.

On and after May 1 every cigar dealer and dispenser of the "weed" will be compelled to destroy the whole box as soon as it is empty. This is a new ruling of the internal revenue department and it will go into effect May 1. Heretofore the only requirement that was enforced was the mutilation of the stamp. The individual who buys a box of cigars is also required to destroy it as soon as it is empty.

The annual parish meeting of St Timothy's church was held Monday evening. Reports from the various church societies showed these organizations to be free from debt and in some instances with surplus funds in their treasuries. The following vestry was elected: James K. Peacock, senior warden; E. B Upham, junior warden; C. A. Gates, G. L. Albrecht, E. C. Merwin, C. P. L. McLain, H. C. Dielhenn, F. W. Arnold, T. J. Dillon and P. J. Hughes.

The Young Ladies' Sodality of St. Mary's church held a meeting at St. Mary's hall Monday evening, at which the following officers were installed: President, Miss Anna Hansen; first vice president, Miss Elizabeth Hansen; second vice president, Miss Rose Paul; corresponding secretary, Miss Elizabeth Dressler; financial secretary, Miss Anna Wilhelm; treasurer, Miss Justina Sibila; librarians, the Misses Florence Warth and Effie Keller; pianist, Miss Edith Hansen. The executive committee is to be appointed by the president.

Governor Herrick will preside at the evening session of the eisteddfod to be given here May 30. Secretary W. A. Davis, of the Stark County Eisteddfod Company, has received from Ohio's chief executive an acceptance of an invitation extended him several days ago. Congressman Aubrey Thomas, of Niles, will be the presiding officer at the afternoon session and either John P. Jones, of North Lawrence, or Senator Silas J. Williams, of Alliance, at the morning session. Short addresses will be made by all the presiding officers. Among the contestants will be a high school girls' chorus of eighty voices from Niles.—Canton Repository.

At a business meeting of the Epworth League of the Wesley M. E. church held Tuesday evening the following officers were elected: President, Newton Fetler; department of spiritual work, Mrs Charles Brown; department of mercy and help, Miss Etta Reeves; social department, Miss Pearl Davis; department of literary work, Miss Emily Wheeler; Secretary, Miss Bertha Martin; treasurer, Monroe Smith; organist, Mrs. George Powell assistant organist, Harry Davis; chorister, Mrs. Alice Manley; delegates to annual district convention at West Salem, June 6 and 7, Miss Bertha Martin, Miss Bessie Meek Charles Allman and Miss Pearl Huber.

COUNTY SEAT NEWS.

Body of Woman Drowned Tuesday is Identified.

MISS KEARNEY, OF BALTIMORE.

Had Been in Poor Health for Some Time But Had Never Manifested Suicidal Tendencies—Workhouse Directors Hold Regular Meeting Tuesday.

Canton, May 3.—The body of the woman found in Meyer's lake Tuesday morning has been identified as that of Miss Beatrice Kearney, of Baltimore, Md., who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. John A. Moore, in this city, since last September. About an hour before the discovery of the body Jacob Dumont and Ray Piero had noticed Miss Kearney enter the lake grounds, but there was nothing in her actions to indicate anything unusual in her condition. She had evidently waded out into the lake to a point where the water was deep enough to drown her, her body being discovered one hundred and fifty feet from the shore. She was fully dressed. Miss Kearney was 33 years of age and was a talented musician. She had charge of the organ in one of the largest cathedrals in Baltimore, and gave up her work last year on the advice of her physician, who recommended absolute rest for a time. Her health had not improved during her stay in this city, and she had been melancholy for some months, but had never shown any suicidal tendencies. The body will be taken to Baltimore for burial.

Workhouse Directors Smith, Obringer and Love met at the institution Tuesday and transacted the regular monthly business and ordered the payment of a number of claims. Owing to the fact that considerable complaint was coming from certain quarters, it was decided that there be no more work done outside the buildings for the coming month. The prisoners had been used doing different work near the institution, but owing to the objections being raised the board thought it best to discontinue work and allow the workhouse board pay for the board of those incarcerated there. A small amount of work is being done in the brush factory.

The board of trustees of the McKinley Memorial Association will meet in New York city May 10 to let the contract for the building of the monument.

The wage trouble between the employes of the Canton-Akron Street Railway Company and their employes will be settled, it is thought, Thursday. It is said that the agreement will be an amicable one.

Patrolman Riffle, who went to Navarre in search of Joe DiPinto, the missing Italian wanted by Prosecutor Day to give evidence at the murder case now being investigated by the grand jury, returned without him. It is evident that he is being secreted somewhere, it being reported that the fellow countrymen of the murdered man threaten violence in case the witness tells what he knows.

All women should strive to be beautiful. Beauty rules mankind. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea brings red lips, bright eyes and cream like complexions. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Z. T. Baltzly.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss
LUCAS COUNTY.
Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh ure. FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this sixth day of December, A. D 1886. A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.
(Seal)
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free. F J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation

NEARBY TOWNS

BENTLEY.

Bentley, May 2.—Preaching services were well attended here Sunday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. George R. Snavely spent Sunday at Massillon.

Ivin Yost and Merl Eckard spent Sunday with Jacob and Mary Yost.

The revival meetings which were held at the school house have caused some excitement in this neighborhood, and the school house has been ordered to be closed. They expect to bring a tent here to hold the meetings in.

The Misses Mary and Martha Erb spent Sunday with Elma and Lura Oberlin.

G. R. Snavely will attend the meetings of classis at Massillon this week.

Miss Dora Smith spent Sunday with Miss Ella Harig at Beech Grove.

Per Lee Shilling and Miss Lura Oberlin went to Navarre Sunday evening to attend the joint meeting of the Y. P. C. E. societies of Pigeon Run and Navarre.

Some of our people went to Stanwood Monday to attend the funeral of Mrs. Theodore Culler.

We are sorry to say that Mrs. David Short is no better at this writing.

Mrs. Henry Erb and Mrs. Henry Eckard went to Akron on Sunday to spend the day with Mr. and Mrs. Arlie Minger.

DALTON.

Dalton, May 2.—The school entertainment Friday evening in the school hall was well attended and a success in every way. The proceeds were used to help defray expenses.

The Rev. J. H. Rodgers will deliver the baccalaureate sermon Sunday evening, May 21, in the Presbyterian church.

The East Greenville Bunnies were defeated in a game here Saturday by the score of 19 to 1. Batteries: Dalton, Feit and Laviers; East Greenville, Masters and Cobley. A three base hit by Clapper was considered a feature in Dalton's favor. Kauffman was in a thight fix attempting to go home and after an exciting struggle, retreated to tird base, reaching it safely. Tieche umpire. Clapper also hit a home run for Dalton. A good sized crowd was in attendance.

Mrs. H. Houghton went to Marion Saturday evening on a short visit.

A cantata will be given Saturday night in the Presbyterian church under the auspices of the choir and Aid Society of that denomination. A splendid programme of music will be rendered.

George Lehmaan, of Burton City, was in town on Sunday.

George Schultz, of Massillon, went through town on Sunday in an automobile with Mr. Bechel, of Orrville.

John James, of East Greenville, passed through town on Monday with his household goods, which he is moving to Wadsworth.

Harry Harshey, of Cleveland, visited with his mother here on Sunday.

Miss Maude Buchanan and brother, Ralph Shannon, left Monday morning for Cleveland, their future home.

Harry Scott was in Orrville Saturday evening.

JUSTUS.

Justus, May 2.—The health around Justus and in the town of Justus is very good.

The school commencement exercises at Justus on Saturday evening were well attended.

Jennie Calb was on the sick list last week with a very bad case of sore throat.

Mr. and Mrs. Frark Shisler, of Navarre, were guests of A. O. McFarren on Sunday.

Most of the farmers here are now sowing oats.

Mr. Cunningham plastered Bert McFarren's house last week.

Miss Anna Pfoutz was a guest at the residence of Bert McFarren last week.

Clyde McFarren and Frank Maxheimer were guests of J. B. McFarren on Sunday.

NEWMAN.

Newman, May 3—Theophilus Jenkins is taking in the sights at Akron this week, the guest of his sisters.

Captain Butler, of the Massillon Salvation Army, accompanied the Rev. O. E. Hall to Newman Thursday evening and gave a very pleasant talk to our people in the church.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Elsner, of Manchester, spent Sunday with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Sylvester Clapper.

Miss Emma Prosser returned to her post of duty at Pittsburg last Friday, after a three weeks' rest at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Prosser.

Mr. and Mrs. John Rummins spent Sunday with their children, Mr. and Mrs. William Jones, at Massillon.

C. E. Freed closed a successful term of school in district No. 8 last Friday, and returned to the home of his parents, south of Wilmot.

Miss Elizabeth Ralston, of Cleveland, enjoyed last Sunday with her many Newman friends.

The school board of education of Lawrence township met at Canal Fulton last Wednesday and filled all the vacancies of directors in the sub-districts and made a levy of four mills for school purposes, two mills for tuition and two mills for incidentals. This is the same amount that was levied last year. There were twenty applicants attended the Patterson examination at Canal Futlon on April 22, out of which nine were successful. We failed to learn the names.

Alonzo Owens, United States postoffice inspector, gave Newman a call Monday afternoon and reported everything O. K.

August Peters has the sawmill on his farm, getting the lumber ready for his new barn.

John P. Jones, of North Lawrence, accompanied Alonzo Owens to the different postoffices in this vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Williams were the guests of Miss Jennie Kitt at Massillon last Sunday.

C. H. Roderick, of Massillon, was in Newman Monday making some necessary repairs to his property, which is now occupied by James Price and family.

Calvert Weidner left home Saturday to work for Moles in disposing of his delicious ice cream.

Mrs. Sadie Masters, of Canton, spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Griffith.

DALTON.

Dalton, May 3.—H. Cramer is lying at the point of death, caused by appendicitis, which was first discovered on Sunday.

A small blaze was discovered on the roof of M. Schultz's property near the square, occupied by D. Hupp, Monday evening. It was extinguished by persons walking in that vicinity by throwing several buckets of water on it. Slight damage was done.

Mrs. John H. Houser and daughter Evelyn, of Marshallville, were visitors at the residence of M. Schultz on Tuesday.

W. D. Fletcher, mail carrier, now travels his route in a new mail wagon he received lately. It is of a neat style, convenient and attractive. The wagon is admired by all seeing it and is the pride of its owner.

H. G. Jameson, postmaster of Apple Creek, and W. C. Jameson, of Denver, Col., were guests of Postmaster H. B. Jameson, of this place, on Sunday.

Mrs. David Lewis is on the sick list. She is suffering with quinsy.

STATUE OF DAVID.

The Oldest Marble Image in The World.

Greenfield, Mass., May 3.—Dr. Edgar J. Banks, an archaeologist, who is a native of Greenfield, is here for a brief visit with his mother, Mrs. Julia M. Farr. In speaking of the results of his recent excavations at Bismya, which began on Christmas day, 1903, he said the most valuable thing achieved was the uncovering of a marble statue of David, a Sumerian king of the pre-Babylonian period. The excavations were rich in inscriptions, terra cotta in great variety, marble lamps, bronze implements and ancient coffins.

Dr. Banks said that the marble statue of David dated from about 4050 B. C., the date being fixed by the style of art, dress and general features; by the character of the inscriptions, which were almost hieroglyphic, by the depth of the ruins and the known age of the stratum in which the statue was found.

This is the oldest statue in the world so far as known, by 1,500 years. The next oldest are in the Louvre, found by the French at Telloh. The Louvre statues were, however, headless.

David was in good condition, it was said further, and was good art. It was, in fact, the best Babylonian art. It gave the name of a king in a history earlier than anything before known; in short, it pushed back the history of civilization nearly 1,000 years.

Dr. Banks was sent to Bismya by a band of scholars, Dr. Harper, of Chicago university, being at the head of the committee.

ROYAL
Baking Powder
Saves Health

The use of Royal Baking Powder is essential to the healthfulness of the family food.

Yeast ferments the food.
Alum baking powders are injurious.

Royal Baking Powder saves health.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

OFFICERS ELECTED.

Next K. of C. Convention Will Meet in Cleveland.

Tiffin, O., May 3.—The Knights of Columbus closed their three-day session in this city with a social in the lodge rooms last night. The next convention will be held in the city of Cleveland on May 2, 1906. The following officers were elected yesterday: State deputy, Peter A. Gavin, of Steubenville; secretary, P. J. McCarthy, Youngstown; treasurer, Dr. W. N. Morgan, Columbus; warden, Edward Sawkins, Toledo; advocate, Michael Burns, Hamilton; chaplain, J. T. O'Connell, Toledo.

WILL VISIT IN CINCINNATI.

Renewal of Rumors Regarding Miss Roosevelt's Engagement.

Washington, May 3.—Miss Alice Roosevelt, who has accepted an invitation to make a visit in Cincinnati with Mrs. Longworth, mother of Representative Nicholas Longworth, will be extensively entertained. Cincinnati society people are already making preparations for a series of entertainments in her honor. Representative Longworth himself will give a luncheon for her at the Country club.

Miss Roosevelt's visit will naturally give rise to a renewal of the rumors that she is engaged to marry the representative from the First district of Ohio. Representative Longworth's friends in this city know that Mr. Longworth himself has had nothing to say about the rumors of his engagement to Miss Roosevelt. There will be much interest, therefore, in what Miss Roosevelt may have to say in Cincinnati while she is visiting Mr. Longworth's mother. Miss Roosevelt is to arrive in Cincinnati at the end of this month for a two weeks' stay.

HEAVY FIRE LOSS.

Springfield, Ill., May 3.—The plant of the Springfield Boiler Manufacturing Company burned today. The loss is about three million dollars, well covered by insurance.

MANY OF YOUR NEIGHBORS JUDGE YOU

By the appearance of your house. Green Seal Liquid Paint adds a dressy appearance to your house—the perfect finish. For sale by Hawk Hardware Co.

SUBSCRIPTIONS MADE.

A Committee From the Amphion Chorus is at Work.

The subscription committee from the Amphion chorus is receiving donations and has already about $200 pledged. The committee consists of William Simpson, J. E. Johns, James Killen, T. C. Brown, William Johns, Dr. F. H. Chidester, R. J. Wheeler, Edward Snyder and William Jenner. It is the aim of the committee to raise at least $3,000, which will be used to move the Presbyterian chapel to a site in the east end of the city, where it will be remodeled into a permanent music home for the chorus and other musical organizations of the city.

The total list of subscriptions is as follows:

David Reed	$ 50.00
T. C. Brown	25.00
William Simpson	10.00
Rev. R. R. Bigger	10.00
Hemperly Hardware Co.	10.00
W. F. Ricks	10.00
Thomas Austin	5.00
Jacob Graze	5.00
Frank Albright	5.00
P. P. Kirchhofer	5.00
J. A. Smith	5.00
W. C. Jacobs	5.00
John Smith	5.00
Various small sums	26.50
J. J. Wise	5.00
G. F. Schworm	2.00
E. B. Upham	5.00
J. Silk	5.00
S. F. Weller	5.00
T. H. Smith	5.00
F. H. Chidester	10.00
F. O. Hunsberger	5.00
J. M. Seese	5.00
L. A. Koons	5.00
Total	$231.50

"Danger Signal" Thursday and Saturday, May 4 and 6, at Millersburg school house, Reedurban.

BACK-ACHE

and all other symptoms of kidney disease are speedily removed when the kidneys are made healthy, active and vigorous by the use of

Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills

the world's greatest kidney and liver regulator, and the only medicine having a combined action on kidneys and liver. One pill a dose; 25 cents a box. Write for free sample to The Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

2,500 yds. Russia Crash, regular 6¼c quality, for this sale only, yard 3c

THE BeeHive

3,000 yds. Good Brown Muslin, to be closed out in this sale at only 2 7/8c

May Sale of Linens

Towels, Bed Spreads, Domestics, Etc.

THE SALE PRICES will remain in force for fifteen days. There are many other items than those which follow, but space will not permit the listing of them all:

Table Linens.

54 in. Cream Damask, regularly 25c 19c
56 in. Bleached Damask, beautiful patterns; 35c kind .. 23c
56 in. Cream German Linen 33c
60 in. Silver Bleached German Linen, regularly 60c, special at 43c
Mercerized Damask, May sale prices ..... 55c and 45c

Napkins.

25 doz. 18x18 Bleached Napkins, each 4c
50 doz. Breakfast Napkins, ... 6 for 25c
200 doz. Odd Napkins in various qualities and patterns, 75c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50 and up per dozen.

Bed Quilts.

50 Crochet Quilts, hemmed 49c
59 Crochet Quilts, extra large 59c
100 Crochet Quilts, Marseilles patterns 69c
100 Fringed Quilts at $1.00

Domestics

2,500 yards Brown Muslin, round thread, 5 to 10 yard lengths, worth 6¼c, sale price 5c
4000 yds. Cotton Challies 3½c
2000 yds. Standard Percales 6¼c
3,000 yds. Standard Apron Check Ginghams, special price for this sale 4⅞c
4,000 yds. Standard Calicoes, indigo blues, silver grays and light effects, worth 6¼c 4½c

Towels.

100 doz. Bleached Cotton Towels 3c
100 doz. Cotton Honeycomb Towels 4c
100 doz. Bleached Huck Towels, red borders 5c
75 doz. Huck Towels, red borders 8c
50 doz. Extra Size Huck Towels 10c

Sheets and Pillow Cases.

Bleached and Unbleached Sheets, regular sizes, hemmed and ironed ready for use, ea. 35c
42x36 Pillow Cases, each 10c
45x36 Pillow Cases, each 12½c
Pillow Shams and Dresser Scarfs in openwork designs 19c

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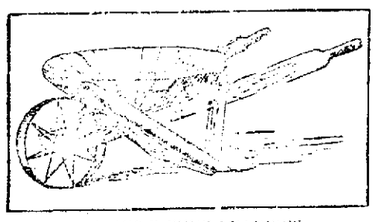
JAPANESE WHEELBARROW

Carries Load Near Wheel and Dumps Either Front or Side.

The Chinese wheelbarrow has been an object of curiosity for some time, the marvel being that the Chinaman could so successfully put it to such universal use. A heavy, lumbering construction, built astride of a big wheel, is used for all classes of transportation. It is the accepted way of carrying passengers on long journeys, and the patient "Chink" toes almost in a knot and balanced on his heels, manages to make himself reasonably comfortable while he is hauled over the rough



JAPANESE WHEELBARROW.

ground by a couple of coolies. While this thing is viewed with curiosity, there is no possibility of it being put to general use in any other country, for it would not be tolerated for any purpose whatever.

The Japanese wheelbarrow, on the other hand, has been adopted to a considerable extent in this country already, and its use is gradually spreading. It is said to have a number of advantages not possessed by our own barrows. The tray of the wheelbarrow is sound in form, having beveled tongue and grooved staves held firmly together by round hoops, which are sunk into grooves which are cut in the staves diagonally to prevent the hoops getting out of place.

The hoops are also provided with compression springs at their ends, which makes an elastic hoop, connected so that when the tray is made the spring is compressed. The springs act automatically, and their purpose is the overcoming of any shrinkage or expansion that may occur after the tray is made. This style of barrow carries the load in more compact form near the wheel, with less weight at the handles, and admits of the contents being dumped either at the front or sides.

"WHITE COAL."

Waterfalls Will Supply the Energy of the Future, Says Tesla.

The time is not distant, says Nikola Tesla in the Electrical World and Engineer, when the energy of falling water will be man's life energy. So far only about 3,000,000 horsepower has been harnessed. This is little, but corresponds nevertheless to the adding of 60,000,000 indefatigable laborers, working virtually without food and pay, to the world's population.

The projects which have come to Tesla's attention, however, contemplate the exploitation of water powers aggregating something like 150,000,000 horsepower. Should they be carried out in a quarter of a century, as seems probable from present indications, there will be on the average two such untiring laborers for every individual.

Long before this consummation coal and oil must cease to be important factors in the sustenance of human life on this planet. It should be borne in mind that electrical energy obtained by harnessing a waterfall is probably fifty times more effective than fuel energy. Since this is the most perfect way of rendering the sun's energy available the direction of the future material development of man is clearly indicated. He will live on "white coal." Like a babe to the mother's breast will he cling to his waterfall. "Give us our daily waterfall" will be the prayer of the coming generations.

Fishing by Telephone.

A Polish inventor living in Berlin, who has already invented a number of useful machines or modifications of others already existing, asks the German government for a patent on a remarkable apparatus. It consists of what he calls a telephone fishing device. A microphone and detonator are submerged, but attached by wire to the ordinary telephone in the house of the person who desires to do his fishing in this way. A group of fish pass at a certain distance from the microphone, which, under the influence of the water's motion, causes a ring at the telephone bell in the house. Thus warned of the presence of fish, the "fisher" leisurely turns on the detonator by pressing an electric button, whereupon the fish, suddenly electrocuted, rise dead to the surface.

Durability of Wood.

Some interesting experiments have been made to ascertain which wood lasts the longest. It was found that birch and aspen decayed in three years, willow and chestnut in four years, maple and red beech in five years and elm and ash in seven years. Oak, Scottish fir and Weymouth pine decayed to the depth of half an inch in seven years; larch and juniper were uninjured at the end of seven years. In situations so free from moisture that they may be practically called dry the durability of timber is unlimited. The roof of Westminster hall is more than 450 years old.

Prevents Asphyxiation.

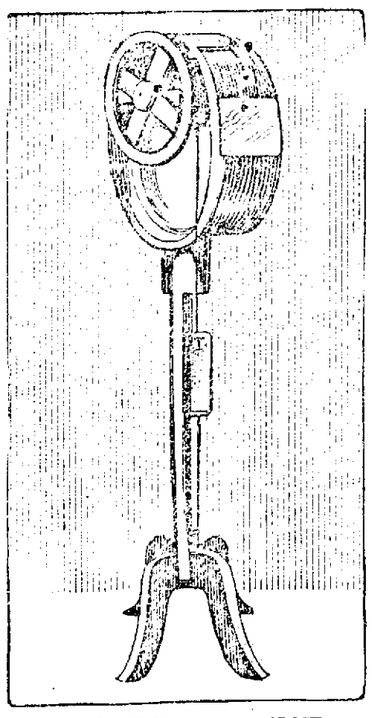
A. C. Carey of Boston, who invented the first machine to knit a complete stocking and is more than eighty years old, has just been granted a patent on a gas burner which, he says, will put a stop to accidents when gas is accidentally turned on again after the flame has been extinguished. The new device will fit on any gas burner or gas stove. The instant the gas is turned off or is taken away by lack of pressure the burner seals itself and remains sealed until it is again manipulated for light in the usual way.

A KEYLESS CLOCK.

Will Run Forever and Will Never Need Winding.

Many are the efforts which have been made recently to improve on the old spring clock, with its twelve hour face, which has been in use for a good many years. There have been clocks without hands and clocks without dials and clocks with springs of such gigantic proportions that they required winding but once a year. The very newest thing in this line is a clock which will run forever and never need winding or any other attention, except, perhaps, occasional regulation, for it is possible that the timepiece might run a trifle fast or slow.

This clock is operated by a motor driven by the changes of the temperature which are constantly going on in the air about us. A large factory is about to be put into operation at Knox-



REAR VIEW OF KEYLESS CLOCK.

ville, Tenn., where these clocks will be made under patents which were granted to Professor Weston M. Fulton, forecaster in charge of the United States weather bureau and observatory at that place.

The essential feature of the professor's invention is a vessel for containing liquids and gases which are acted upon by the air. The remarkable thing about this vessel is that it is made of metal and yet has the capacity of compression and expansion to a very great degree without impairing its usefulness.

This metal receptacle is partially inclosed in the clock case and is connected with the wheel shown in the illustration, to which is attached a counterweight. The wheel is in turn connected with the spring which actuates the internal mechanism of the timepiece. The compression and expansion of the metal receptacle and the counterweight, acting upon the wheel in opposite directions, keep the spring constantly at the proper tension to insure the regular movement of the hands through the circle of numerals on the dial.

CANCER NOT PARASITIC.

Dr. Councilman of Harvard Disagrees With Buffalo Experts.

Dr. William T. Councilman, professor of pathological anatomy at Harvard, whose researches into smallpox have attracted so much attention, takes issue with the experts in Buffalo on the parasitic theory of cancer.

"No evidence has yet been adduced to prove cancers of parasitic origin," said Dr. Councilman, "and not only is it true that none of the bodies described as parasitic can be so regarded, but from a theoretical point of view there is no real analogy between tumors and those diseases which are really caused by parasites. The present tendency is to refer tumors to some abnormality in growth or development. In addition, it is not improbable that a tendency toward the formation of tumors, granting the presence of a condition making this possible, might be developed in various ways."

Fireproof Ferryboats.

An interesting feature of construction introduced into the new Erie ferryboat Tuxedo is to be applied to all of the Erie Railroad company's double decked boats in ferry service. Not only are the side walls of the deck house built of steel, but the floor of the upper deck over the team gangway is lined with steel, with an interlining of asbestas. With these precautions the contents of a wagon on the boat might take fire and, if beyond control, burn up completely without the slightest danger to the passengers aboard.

Fast Photographing.

An Italian inventor, Luciano Butti, is credited with having produced a photographic apparatus with a film so sensitive that it will record 2,000 separate impressions per second. This should possess much value for scientific purposes, since even the motions of an insect's wing might be made apparent by a series of biographic pictures taken with such extreme rapidity. At present, however, the new film is said to be so costly that the expense of using it, reckoning by the time of exposure, is $10 per second.

Phones From Pulpit to Pew.

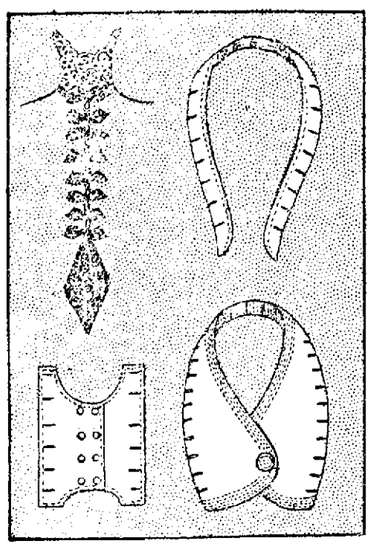
That deaf members of his congregation might hear his sermons the Rev. Wilkins Raymond, pastor of the Stratford (Conn.) Methodist church, introduced telephones into the pews of several parishioners. A big transmitter shaped like a megaphone was placed in front of the platform, and from that wires were laid to various pews in which were fixed receivers.

FASHION'S MEDLEY.

Piquant Touches in the Toilet—The New "Whole Gown."

At one time it was thought not ladylike—even the word has gone out of fashion—to appear anywhere without gloves, but now, especially in the evening, lots of people forego them altogether and wear the most lovely rings. Perhaps it is on this account that you so often see the dainty little muffs—mere airy nothings of chiffon, velvet or fur—accompanying beautiful evening cloaks.

The desirability of sham vest fronts, following in close similitude those of white pique affected by the other sex as a relief to too great severity of cos-



LONG CRAVAT AND SHAM VESTS.

tume, remains solely a matter of taste, for, as a matter of fact, their vogue is a pronounced one. They are built, too, in every imaginable one of all those materials that nowadays masquerade under the name of linen as well as in brocades and all sorts of silks and chiffon velvets.

Three admirably suggestive little models are included in the accompanying group, the uppermost following very closely the shape stamped by traditional approval, while the others meet more modern requirements and suggest possibilities for original developments of the idea. Included with these is a fanciful neck piece that combines a long, jabot-like arrangement of ribbon bows with a lace stock.

The "dressmaker's frock" represents fashion's latest move, and the practical delights of the "whole gown," the gown of one color and material, are once more permissible. Any woman who so desires can again have the satisfaction of feeling herself an entirety in a single harmonious garment rather than a composition clothed upon with shreds and patches of this and that.

The blouse, of course, has its devotees, and the trim whole confection may be slow in attracting the great mass of fashion's crowd, but so much the better for the select contingent with whom 'tis now the thing of chic.

J. VERNON-WALDER.

A SMALL CHILD'S SWEATER.

An Attractive and Useful Little Garment Very Easily Knitted.

This neat little sweater is easily knitted, as may be seen by the following instructions given in the Delineator: The materials required are four skeins Saxony worsted and No. 12 knitting needles.

Cast on 81 stitches, k. 13 inches in Brio st. (k. 2., p. 2), bind off 16 sts.

SWEATER FOR A TWO-YEAR-OLD CHILD.

on each side for shoulder; knit 4½ inches, one plain and one p. in alternate colors to form a collar.

Sew up 9 inches, leaving the balance for the sleeve.

Sleeve.—Cast on 50 sts., knit 7½ inches Brio st., k. one plain, one p., 4½ inches in alternate colors to match collar, bind off, sew up and sew into sweater.

Clipped Feather Sets.

Clipped feather sets, consisting of a muff and stole, are considered the favorite day and evening accessories to dress among the young contingent. Pure white sets rival in becomingness the finest of ermine. The downy softness of the feathers gives to the complexion of youth an especial radiance and tones down the color in the cheeks to a rose leaf tenderness that is incomparable.—Vogue.

Window Washing.

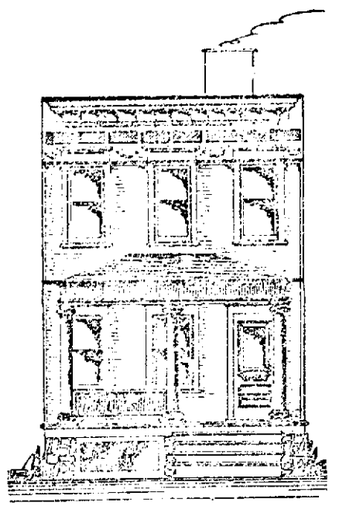
Do not wash windows when the sun is shining on them as they will look cloudy and streaky from drying before they are well polished. The glass and sash should be first dusted, and the window washed on the inside with water and a little ammonia. Alcohol is excellent for washing windows, only a small quantity is required, and wood alcohol is good for this purpose.

TWO FAMILY HOUSE.

For Narrow or City Lot—Cost, From $1,900 to $2,200.

[Copyright, 1904, by Stanley A. Dennis, 280 Broadway, New York.]

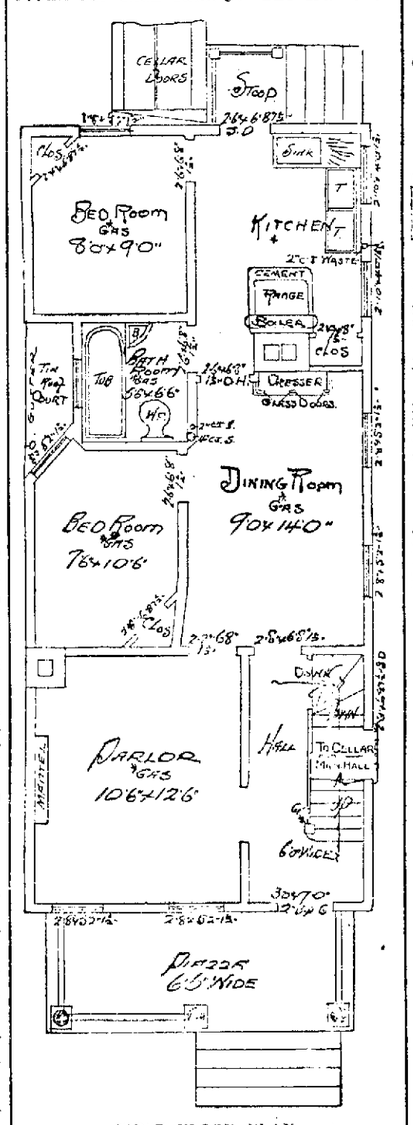
The elevation and floor plans here presented show a model design for a two family house suitable for a single twenty foot lot. The building contains all modern improvements, including a



FRONT ELEVATION.

hot air furnace in the cellar for each floor. This house can be erected for from $1,900 to $2,200, according to location and general conditions.

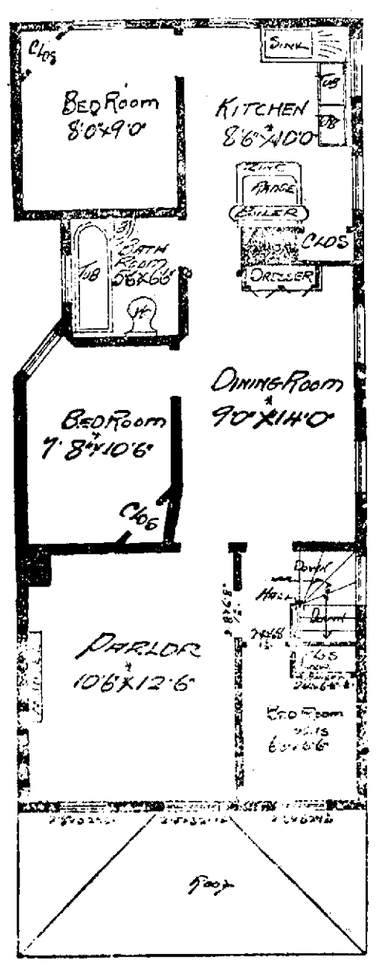
There is a cellar under the entire house, with walls laid in cement mortar. The floor is concreted, and there are separate coal bins and storage rooms for each family. The frame of



FIRST FLOOR PLAN.

the building is of hemlock lumber and is sheathed, covered with two ply building paper, pine beveled siding and white cedar shingles, as shown on elevation.

The floors are of North Carolina pine, tongued and grooved and blind nailed. The interior walls are plastered with patent plaster, white finish. The trim

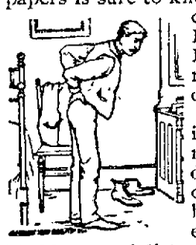


SECOND FLOOR PLAN.

throughout is of whitewood, stained, rubbed and varnished. The hardware is of ornamental black japan, with wood knobs, roses and escutcheons. The plumbing and fixtures are complete and modern. The mantels are of oak, with tile facings and bevel plate mirrors.

DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?

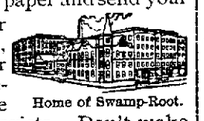
Kidney Trouble Makes You Miserable.



Almost everybody who reads the newspapers is sure to know of the wonderful cures made by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It is the great medical triumph of the nineteenth century; discovered after years of scientific research by Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, and is wonderfully successful in promptly curing lame back, uric acid, catarrh of the bladder and Bright's Disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root** is not recommended for everything but if you have kidney, liver or bladder trouble it will be found just the remedy you need. It has been tested in so many ways, in hospital work and in private practice, and has proved so successful in every case that a special arrangement has been made by which all readers of this paper, who have not already tried it, may have a sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling more about Swamp-Root, and how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles are sold by all good druggists. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.



Home of Swamp-Root.

Bear in mind that the want columns is a good investment

THE CLEVELAND & BUFFALO TRANSIT COMPANY

C&B LINE

CONNECTING CLEVELAND and BUFFALO "WHILE YOU SLEEP"

UNPARALLELED NIGHT SERVICE—NEW STEAMERS

"CITY OF BUFFALO" AND "CITY OF ERIE"

Both together being, without doubt, in all respects the finest and fastest that are run in the interest of the traveling public in the United States.

TIME CARD—DAILY INCLUDING SUNDAY

Cleveland 8 p.m. Buffalo 6:30 a.m.
Buffalo 8 p.m. Cleveland 6:30 a.m.

CENTRAL STANDARD TIME
ORCHESTRA ACCOMPANIES EACH STEAMER

Connections made at Buffalo with trains for all Eastern and Canadian points; at Cleveland for Toledo, Detroit and all points West and Southwest.

Tickets reading over L. S. & M. S. Ry. will be accepted on this Company's Steamers without extra charge.

Special Low Rates Cleveland to Buffalo and Niagara Falls every Saturday Night, also Buffalo to Cleveland.

Ask Ticket Agents for tickets via C. & B. Line. Send four cents for illustrated pamphlet.

W. F. HERMAN, G. P. A., Cleveland, Ohio

FOR SALE!

THE REMPIS CEMENT BLOCK MACHINES

Patd. Feb. 11, 1905

A Good One. Made by

The Rempis & Gallmeyer Foundry Co.

60 N. Front St., Grand Rapids Mich. Write us. It will pay you

TRAVELLERS' REGISTER.

Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Ry. Pennsylvania Lines.

Time Table of Passenger Trains—Cent'l Time

Westward.	23	9	15	41	31	49
	AM	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM
Pittsb'gh lv.	*3 15	*7 00	*6 30	15 00	*3 35	11
Beaver Falls.. "	.....	8 03	7 26	6 23	2 37	12
Columbiana.. "	.....	.....	.....	7 43	3 40	.....
Lectonia..... "	.....	9 02	.....	7 52	3 46	1
Salem ..... "	.....	9 15	8 33	8 06	4 00	1
Alliance... "	5 35	9 40	8 55	9 05	4 40	1
Maxinno..... "	.....	.....	.....	9 17	4 55	.....
Louisville.. "	.....	.....	.....	9 26	5 07	.....
Canton..... "	6 07	10 11	9 27	9 38	5 24	2
Massillon... "	.....	10 22	9 42	9 53	5 42	2
Lawrence.... "	.....	.....	.....	10 06	5 55	.....
Burton City.. "	.....	.....	.....	10 11	6 00	.....
Orrville..... "	.....	10 54	10 04	10 20	6 15	3
Smithville.. "	.....	.....	.....	10 28	6 25	.....
Wooster..... "	.....	11 12	10 22	10 36	6 35	3
Shreve..... "	.....	.....	.....	10 52	6 55	.....
Big Prairie.. "	.....	.....	.....	11 02	7 02	.....
Lakeville.... "	.....	.....	.....	11 10	7 10	.....
Londonville.. "	.....	.....	.....	11 24	7 22	3
Perrysville.. "	.....	.....	.....	11 33	7 30	.....
Lucas..... "	.....	.....	35	11 45	7 46	.....
Mansfield .. "	8 00	12 16	11 24	1 M	12 00	8 05
Crestline..ar.	8 43	12 45	11 50	55	12 25	PM
Akron.....lv.	.....	1 08	12 15	3 17	PM	
Alliance..... "	10 24	2 38	1 40	5 05		
Fort Wayne.. "	.....	3 20	2 22	5 55		
Ft. Wayne ar.	11 50	4 10	3 15	7 00		
Warsaw.....lv.	.....	5 23	4 29	8 27		
Plymouth.. "	1 29	6 04	5 08	9 10		
Valparaiso "	.....	7 11	6 08			
Chicago....ar.	4 00	8 45	7 38			
	PM	PM	AM	PM		

EASTWARD.	32	8	6	36	20
LEAVE	PM	PM	PM	AM	AM
Chicago..	*1 15	*3 15	*11 45	.....	7 30
Valparaiso	2 27	4 36	1 43	.....	9 20
Plymouth	3 26	5 40	3 00	*5 50	10 20
Warsaw	4 06	6 18	3 53	6 38	11 15
Fort Wayne	5 10	7 40	5 15	7 50	12 30
Ft. Wayne	6 05	8 35	6 27	8 55	1 55
Lima.....	.....	9 30	7 21	9 47	2 51
Forest.....	3 19	11 15	9 24	11 20	4 44
Crestline..	3 53	11 50	10 00	11 55	5 22
Mansfield..	4 15	12 15	10 27	AM	5 50
Mt. Vernon..	.....	.....	10 37		6 03
Berry'n Br.	.....	.....	10 48		6 15
Londonville	.....	.....	10 57		6 24
Loudonville	.....	.....	11 10		6 36
Big Prairie	.....	.....	11 14		6 42
Shreve.....	.....	.....	11 25		6 54
Wooster....	4 x.....	1 15	11 43		7 10
Smithville..	.....	.....	12 16		7 22
Orrville....	4 30	1 40	12 21		7 35
Burton City	.....	.....	12 36		7 41
Canton.....	.....	.....	12 49		7 47
Massillon...	4 52	2 06	12 57		8 03
Lawrence....	5 11	2 27	1 16		8 23
Louisville..	.....	.....	1 25		.....
Maxinno.....	.....	.....	.....		.....
Alliance....	11 45	3 05	2 15		9 09
Salem.....	12 06	3 27	2 34		PM
Columbiana..	.....	.....	2 53		
Lectonia....	.....	.....	3 00		
Salem.....	.....	.....	3 08		
Orrville....	4	4 37	3 48		
Wooster.....ar	2 15	5 50	5 30		
	AM	AM	PM		

Sleeping Car for Crestline at 7 00 a. m. for Chicago is ready at 9 30 p. m. Leaves Chicago *7 30 p. m., Orrville 4 12 a. m., Canton 4 50 a. m., arrives Pittsburgh *7 45 a. m.

Leaves Alliance 10 05 p. m. daily, Canton 11 25 p. m. for Massillon, Orrville and Wooster on flag for passengers. Mansfield and points west. Arrives Mansfield 1 25 a. m.

Daily. †Ex. Sunday. x Stops on notice to conductor to discharge passengers. k Flag stop to let off passengers from stations west of Canton and take on passengers for points east of Alliance. x Flag stop to let off passengers from west of Crestline. No. 34 leaves Mansfield Sundays only 6 25 a. m.; arrives Pittsburgh 12 40 p. m.

Dark Face Type denotes time from 12 noon to 12 midnight. Light face, from 12 midnight to 12 noon.

At Orrville, connection is made with C. A. & C. Ry. train for Cleveland by **Nos. 6, 8, 24, 32, 36, 403** and **41** and for Columbus by **Nos. 6, 30, 15, 31, 32** and **41. Nos. 23, 15, 403** and **8** connect at Mansfield with trains over the Toledo Division for Tiffin and Toledo. **No. 6** connects at Alliance for Niles and Youngstown.

G. L. PECK, General Manager. SAMUEL MOODY, General Passenger Agent. E. A. FORD, Passenger Traffic Manager.
PITTSBURGH, PENN'A. 27-05-C

C. A. & C. Cleveland, Akron & Columbus

Trains Run by Central Standard Time

Southbound.	502	508	506	5
	a m	p m	p m	
CLEVELAND.....lv	*8 10	12 30	*9 00	
Hudson	9 08	1 35	9 5	
AKRON ..... ar	9 25	2 03	10 15	
AKRON lv	9 25	2 03	10 1	*4 30
Harperson.....	9 51	2 20	10 30	4 47
ORRVILLE..... ar	10 30	3 00	11 00	5 25
ORRVILLE..... lv	10 30	3 00	11 10	5 25
Millersburg.....	11 10	3 47	11 34	6 10
Mt. Vernon	12 30	5 10	12 45	7 25
COLUMBUS..... ar	*1 00	6 40	1 5	8 5
	p m	p m	a m	

Northbound.	507	503	505	505
	a m	a m	p m	
COLUMBUS..... lv	*12 40	*7 15	*12 01	5 25
Mt. Vernon.....	2 10	8 48	1 27	7 00
Millersburg.....	3 20	10 06	2 42	8 20
ORRVILLE..... ar	4 05	10 50	3 3	9 12
ORRVILLE..... lv	4 15	11 0	3 3	9 12
Harberston.....	4 48	11 30	4 05	10 00
AKRON ..... ar	5 05	11 50	4 25	
AKRON lv	*5 15	11 50	4 25	
Hudson.....	5 50	12 2	4 55	
CLEVELAND.....ar	*6 50	*1 25	*5 50	
	a m	p m	p m	p

Train for Warsaw, Trinway, Zanesville and intermediate stations on Dresden Br. leaves Millersburg, 11:10 a m week days.
*Every day †Week days only.

For particulars see nearest C. A. & C. ticket agent or communicate with Geo. W. Weedon, District Passenger Agent Cleveland, O.

Wabash System W. & L. E. R. R.

time table in effect Jan. 8, 1905.

East Bound	2 daily P. M.	28 daily P. M.	21 daily EX SUN	16 daily P. M.	4 daily P. M.
Lv St. Louis....	9 05	8 30		12 30	
" Chicago.....	11 00	A. M.	P. M.	3 00	
" Toledo	A8 40	10 32	4 30	11 15	
" Fremont	9 51	11 07	5 50		
" Clyde.....	10 05	12 15	6 05		
" Bellevue....	10 18	12 31	6 19		
" Monroeville	10 33	12 50	6 35		
" Norwalk	10 45	1 02	6 45	1 03	
" Orrville	12 30	3 08	9 08		
" Massillon...	12 58	3 37	9 47	3 08	12 25
" Navarre.....	1 10	3 50	No. 6		2 45
" Bowerston...		4 58	daily		4
" Jewett.....	2 30	5 20	8 30		2 35
Ar Pittsburg..	4 30	7 55		6 35	4 30
" Wheeling....	P. M.	7 20	10 05	A. M.	4 45
" Martins Fer.		6 55	9 50		3 55
" Wheeling....		7 05	10 00		4 05
		P. M.	A. M.		PM.

West Bound	3 daily A. M.	7 daily A. M.	15 daily P. M.	5 daily P. M.	19 daily P. M.
Lv Wheeling...		6 25		12 50	
" Martins Fer.		6 35		1 00	
" Steubenville		6 25		12 35	
" Pittsburg...	6 00		12 30		7 30
" Jewett.....	8 25	8 15	2 30	2 35	
" Bowerston...	8 52	No 21		3 05	
" Navarre.....	10 05	EX SUN	3 50	4 20	
" Massillon...	10 19	6 33	4 0	4 40	10 50
" Orrville.....	10 57	7 14	4 33		
" Norwalk....	12 58	9 19	6 27		1 00
" Monroeville	1 08	9 30	6 39		
" Bellevue....	1 27	9 48	6 52		
" Clyde.....	1 43	10 05	7 05		
" Fremont....	2 00	10 20	7 20		
Ar Toledo U. D.	3 30	11 45	8 40		2 40
" Chicago.....	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.		A1002
" St Louis.....	7 30		8 00		1 45
					P. M.

Cleveland Div. Going North all daily	31 A. M	33 A. M.	35 P. M.	45 P. M.
Lv Massillon.....	6 30		12 25	3 37
" Navarre.....	6 55	10 08	3 00	4 25
" Canton.....	7 25	10 38	3 27	4 55
Ar Cleveland.....	9 40	12 45	5 20	7 10
Going South all daily	32 A. M.	34 A. M.	30 P. M.	46 P. M.
Lv Cleveland.....	7 00	10 05	5 45	4 00
Ar Canton.....	9 05	12 15	8 04	5 57
" Massillon.....	10 19		8 55	
Lv Navarre, south..	9 37			6 30
Ar Zanesville.....	12 10			9 00
	P. M.			

C. S. Crane, G. P. & T. A., Cleveland, O
S. A. Cunningham, Agent.

Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.

Time table effective Nov. 27, 1904

EAST Read Down.	†14 A M	†6 A M	†30 P M	42 P M	44 P M
Cleveland.....	.....	7 40	1 00	5 30	8 00
Liverpool.....	.....	8 12		6 28	6 57
Lester.....	.....	8 46		6 42	7 16
Medina.....	.....	8 55		6 57	7 25
Seville.....	.....	9 14		7 21	7 46
Sterling.....	.....	9 20		7 29	7 53
Easton.....	.....	10 82		7 41	8 05
Ar. Akron.....	.....	10 85	2 10		
Lv Akron U D.....	8 00	7 30	2 15		
Warwick.....	6 27	9 46	2 42	7 55	8 15
Canal Fulton.....	6 36	9 54	2 48	8 05	8 28
Massillon.....	6 58	10 15	3 07	8 25	8
Canal Dover.....	7 4	11 03	3 51		
N Philadelphia....	7 50	11 10	3 57		
Uhrichsville.....	8 12	11 30	4 15		
Freeport.....	8 48	11 0	4 54		
Flushing.....	9 13	12 83	5 19		
Bridgeport.....	10 25	1 45	6 30		
		P			

WEST Read Up.	†1 A M	†11 A M	†17 P M	†15 P M	†41 A M
Cleveland.....	8 50	11 50	6 15	9 50	10 05
Liverpool.....	7 51		5 25		9 12
Lester.....	7 39		5 14		9 02
Medina.....	7 26		5 01		8 48
Seville.....	6 59		4 37		8 28
Sterling.....	6 53		4 31		8 17
Easton.....	6 40		4 18		8 05
Ar. Akron.....		10 05		8 38	
Lv Akron U D.....	8 40	10 35		8 36	8 4
Warwick.....	6 27	10 00	4	55	7 58
Canal Fulton.....	6 18	9 48	4 01	7 38	7 48
Massillon.....	6 00	9 29	3 39	7 18	7 32
Canal Dover.....		8 42	2 55	6 31	
N Philadelphia....		8 35	2 45	6 25	
Uhrichsville.....		8 12	2 29	6 07	
Freeport.....		7 40	1 56	5 29	
Flushing.....		7 16	1 29	4 57	
Bridgeport.....		6 15	12 20	8 40	

	†22	†26		†21	†25
4 00	6 40	.....	Lorain.....	9 50	6 20
4 17	6 55	.....	Elyria.....	9 31	5 59
5 00	7 35	.....	Lester.....	8 50	5 10

Main Line	Read down *14 P M	*8 P M	*8 P M	Read up. †7 A M	*15 A M	*5 A M
Chicago.....	10 30	8 30	10 40	5 30	7 40	9 00
Chicago Jc.....	6 15A	11 25	5 45p	9 55A	1120p	1 50
Sterling.....	7 50		7 15	8 18	9 42	
Warwick.....	8 15	1 17	7 40	5 57	9 18	12 01
Akron.....	8 40	1 40	8 10	7 80	8 50	1186p
			*10	*9		
Akron.....	8 50	1 47	2 15	11 40	8 36	11 31
Pittsburg.....	2 15p	8 00	9 00	7 50	4 30	8 06
Washington.....	2 42A	4 42p	6 30A	1 18p		1100A
Baltimore.....	3 51	6 00	7 55	8 00		10 00
Philadelphia....	6 00	8 19	10 10	6 18		7 40
New York.....	8 20	10 28	1223p	4 12		12 27

(Sunday only. *Daily. †Except Sunday. ‡Flag stops. W. H. RUCH, Ticket Agent.

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NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

CEREMONIES AT A PARSI WEDDING

Marriage of Two Native East Indians.

RICE THROWING A FEATURE.

The Feasting Lasts for Days and Presents Rare and Innumerable are Given—Letter from Dr. A. Per Lee Pease from Aden, Arabia.

Writing to the Pittsburg Dispatch from Aden, Arabia, under date of February 22, Dr. A. Per Lee Pease, of this city, says:

Before saying anything about this rock-ribbed British stronghold we want to tell about a Parsi wedding which we attended in Bombay shortly before leaving there, a most interesting ceremony, not only to the contracting parties, relatives and friends, but also those who, being strangers in a strange land, were fortunate enough to secure invitations.

To be accurate and truthful it would be more to the purpose to say permits instead of invitations, our servant, or bearer, having sufficient pull to obtain these for us. Upon reaching the home of the bride we dismounted from our carriage, were introduced to the men at the gate and were allowed to enter the yard of the premises with a high stone wall about it. The ladies were taken to a long, open building near by and provided with seats, while the men were seated in the grounds among hundreds of Parsis of the sterner sex.

These men were clad in long, white garments of linen or muslin, gathered in at the center by a wide girdle of the same material, both wound stiff and spotlessly clean. They wore hats which resembled short sections of stove pipe partly bent in at the top, leaving the crown open to the elements. The chairs were placed in long rows, back to back, and there must have been at least five hundred male guests there when we arrived, and more kept coming constantly until it was time for the ceremony to begin.

Servants passed around with beautiful, small boquets on trays, each guest taking one, which was sprinkled with some liquid perfume from a small silver object which looked more like an elongaged pepper box than anything else. Then came servants bearing upon trays betel nut enveloped in leaves for a quiet chew to help pass away the time.

A dignified looking Parsi sat at my left and to my great surprise and no small satisfaction, which was ill concealed, addressed me in just a little better English than I could command myself, saying he presumed I was an American, whereupon I swelled up in the chest and "did not deny the soft impeachment." He said he had been in America, named several prominent cities he had visited, and among them Pittsburg, with which he had been much and most favorably impressed. I told him that several peripatetic Pittsburgers were right there waiting for the ceremony to commence.

A stout looking old gentleman stood near the gate and I was informed he was the father-in-law of the groom expectant, in other words the proud sire of the bride. Those fine shawls, which were being hung about his neck, were gifts from his male guests. His caste mark was a circular spot between the eyes about the size of a dime, and occasionally a friend of the same caste would add a little pigment of crimson to it in token of good fellowship. A servant came out of the house bearing a large tray upon which was a horn of plenty inverted, a cocoanut, a hat, shoes and other articles of masculine apparel, which were intended as gifts to the groom.

All this information was given by my accommodating acquaintance. While thus engaged in conversation a Parsi approached, gathered up all the Americans and English present and conducted them into the long building, where the ladies had been escorted a while before, and were seated in front of them and within a very few feet of the spot where the ceremony was about to take place, actually having the seats of honor.

Directly came servants with garlands of flowers which they hung about our necks, at the same time presenting each of us with a gorgeous bouquet of tuberoses in the center of which was a red rose, all fair to look upon, but with an aroma unpleasantly suggestive of funeral services in the land of the free. The Parsi ladies were clad in gowns of white material which resembled cashmere wool with an extension which came over the head like a wimple, bordered with gold embroidery.

Jewels were abundant, in the shape of ear pendants and necklaces principally. Right in front of me were two chairs facing each other and in the one facing me the groom seated himself forthwith. He was a tall and lanky young man of 39, fashioned after the plan of a ladder, with a very good face. He was accompanied by a friend as witness and sponsor, who stood behind him. Two priests held up before him a curtain of muslin, the top of it being a little higher than his head, and immediately after the bride came in with her best friend and sat with her back to me.

One of the priests then produced a ball of white yarn, which was passed around the bride and groom several times, being knotted each time after passing under the curtain. This being done, the bride and groom dashed a handful of rice in each other's faces, both laughed, as did everyone else, everybody looked both pleased and relieved, the curtain was withdrawn, the yarn removed and then the bride took a seat at the left side of the groom.

She outranked him in age, being one year his senior, and she must have been out of town, or, at least not at home when the graces came around distributing their favors, for she was entirely overlooked on that most important occasion. The two priests stood before them, each with a tray at hand upon a table, each tray containing a quantity of rice and a few cocoanuts. They began chanting something and accompanied themselves by throwing rice in the faces and upon the heads of the happy couple. We watched this phase of the ceremony for half an hour or more, during which time everybody talked aloud, and occasionally the groom would turn his head and converse with people just behind him.

Seeing that the supply of rice was great, and fearing the casting of it might last an unlimited time, we withdrew, wonderng whether the coroanuts would be thrown at them later or not. Going out we found all the masculine Parsis seated at long tables in the garden, eating with their fingers viands which were placed upon large pieces of banana leaf.

We were informed that the rice throwing stage of the ceremony would endure a good while longer, and that the entire performance would be repeated at midnight, not that it was required by law, but that it was the choice or option of the happy couple and their families.

NEARBY TOWNS

ORRVILLE.

Orrville, May 1.—E. R. Hobbs has resigned his position as deputy marshal of this place.

The building for the mattress works is completed and it is thought they will be ready to commence work about June 1.

Russell McGiffen, who was home the past week, has just finished attending college at Springfield, O., and will graduate this spring. He has accepted a call to a Lutheran church at Davis, W. Va.

Miss Martha Swanger has finished her term of teaching school at Fredericksburg.

Mayor Neiswanger has issued an order for abolishing the nickel slot machines in ths village and they have been taken out.

The junior class of the Orrville high school will give an excellent rendition of the "Merchant of Venice" at Smithville on Saturday, May 6. This play was given here some time ago and the hall was crowded to its capacity.

Harry E. Taylor and Frank L. Strauss, who went to New York city on a trip last week, will be away for several days.

Charles McDowell visited with J. M. Fiscus and family last week.

C. C. Conrad is improving slowly from an attack of typhoid fever.

CRYSTAL SPRING.

Crystal Spring, May 1.—What's in a name? has often been repeated. But what's in a conglomeration of names remains a conjecture. To the latter we will add annoyance and trouble, and to verify this statement will start right at home. The correct name of this place, as shown by the postal guide, is Crystal Spring, not Crystal Springs, Millport or Milburn. Before a postoffice was established here this locality was called Millport, but the office did not dare bear that same name on account of the Millport, Columbiana county, this state. Then when the present westbound track of the B. & O. was known as the M. & C. branch, owned and controlled by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, said company termed this station Milburn, and today anything billed out over the Pennsylvania lines for this place is marked Milburn. Now comes a settlement just southwest of Massillon and gets into this already monotonous mixup by calling itself Crystal Springs, it having a telephone toll station but no postoffice. Frequently messages for delivery through the local station are sent to the other place, and vice versa. So there you are, and 'tis all pleasure, too, to have the town you live in go by many names. How can this muddle be fixed up? By a street car line being built through here and then annex us to Massillon, thus removing the burden of names. But while the rails are being placed and the corporate limits of Massillon extended northward, let us eliminate and forget those fictitious titles by uniting and telling 'em that the beautiful village on the Ohio canal is Crystal Spring.

DEATH CALLED JACOB SPUHLER

A Life-Long Resident of the City Died Sunday.

A VETERAN OF THE CIVIL WAR.

After Leaving the Public Schools Mr. Spuhler was Employed by Russell & Company and Remained in the Company's Shops All of His Life Except While in the Army.

Jacob Spuhler, aged 62 years, a widely known citizen of Massillon, died at the family home in East Oak street Sunday morning at 10 o'clock, of heart failure, induced by a complication of diseases from which Mr. Spuhler had suffered since the holidays.

Mr. Spuhler first complained of not feeling in his usual health last fall but remained at his work in the works of the Russell & Company until a day or two before New Year's day. On the last visit to the shop and the department over which he had charge, he bade all the employes he met a happy new year. He was driven to his home and that evening was taken ill and was unable again to even leave his residence. Mr. Spuhler was first taken ill with inflammatory rheumatism and although his life was despaired of for some time, he threw off the malady and apparently was recovering his usual health. Later an affection of the kidneys was noticed and it was not long before the heart was unable to stand the severe strain upon it. Mr. Spuhler had been in a very serious condition for one week. He was conscious to the last and his last words to the members of his family and a few friends were "God bless you all."

The deceased was a son of Mr. and Mrs. John Spuhler and was born in Massillon. He attended the public schools and after completing his course of study began work in the shops of Russell & Company. This was before the breaking out of the civil war, and when the call to arms was given Mr. Spuhler enlisted in Company I, Seventy-sixth Ohio Volunteer Infantry, which was partly organized in this city. After performing honorable service in arms, he returned to Massillon and again took up his chosen work in the machinist's line in his former department. He was in the continuous employ of Russell & Company from the close of the war until the beginning of his last illness. For the past twenty years he had been foreman of department H in the shops.

Mr. Spuhler and Miss Sorilla Glessner, of Waynesburg, were married November 15, 1866. The deceased is survived by Mrs. Spuhler, two sons, William Spuhler, of Port Richmond, Cal.; Thomas A. Spuhler, of Massillon, and one daughter, Mrs. Sidney Mitchinson, of this city. The deceased is also survived by two brothers, Louis and John Spuhler, of this city, and three sisters, Mrs. Julia Meek and Mrs. Wayne Matthews, of Massillon, and Mrs. Henry Graybill, of Uhrichsville.

Mr. Spuhler was a member of Massillon Tent No. 10, of the Maccabees, Hart Post No. 134, G. A. R., and the Russell Employes' Benefit Association. He was also a life member of the First M. E. church and always took a deep interest in its affairs, both material and spiritual. The deceased was a member of the official board for many years and always took a prominent part in Sunday school work.

Mr. Spuhler enlisted in Company I, Seventy-sixth regiment, O V. I., at Massillon October 18, 1861, at the age of 19 years. He was in the three-year service and was mustered out at Louisville, Ky. Colonel Charles R. Woods went out with the regiment and after his promotion was succeeded by Colonel William B. Woods. Captain Edward Briggs went out with Company I. Captain George W. Jeremy was at the head of the company when it was mustered out. The company went into camp at Camp Sherman at Newark and after a few weeks' stay was taken to the seat of war south of the Ohio river and took part in the Vicksburg campaign. Mr. Spuhler was wounded three times while in the service. Near the close of the war he was appointed corporal. Company I contained a number of Massillon young men. Among those still living in this city are T. Harvey Seaman, Edward Doxsee, George W. Earl, Frederick Koontz, Emmet Stevens, Otto Uhlendorf, William Brannan, David P. Merwin, William H. Reed, George Kessell, George W. Merwin and the Rev. N. E. Moffit, residing west of the city.

The funeral will be held from the late residence Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock, the Rev. W. H. Dewey officiating.

Terrible plagues, those itching, pestering diseases of the skin. Put on end to misery. Doans Ointment cures. At any drug store.

CALVARY CEMETERY.

Road Opened to It and a Vault to be Built at Once.

A road has been opened leading into the tract of land on the Canton road which is to be used as a burying ground by the Catholic congregations of Canton and Massillon and to be known as Calvary cemetery. Work will be commenced immediately upon a stone receiving vault. J. B. Shrader and J. F. Shepley, of this city, are members of the cemetery board of trustees.

AMPHIONS HAVE CHOSEN A LOT.

Fine Location at Corner of Plum and Prune Streets.

ONE SQUARE FROM CAR LINE.

Purchase Price is $800, and Cost of Removing the Chapel Will Run the Total Up to $3,000 — Subscription Papers are Being Circulated—Evan H. Williams Has Offered His Services.

The committee appointed by the Amphions to select a lot on which to move the chapel building recently presented to the society by the Presbyterian congregation have chosen one at the corner of Plum and Prune streets, and the location is considered a most desirable one. The lot will cost $800, and the cost of removing the building and fitting it for use will run the total cost to $3,000. Subscription papers are now being circulated and those so far approached have responded liberally. Arrangements will be made for the receipt of donations at various business places, including The Independent office, and the list of subscribers, with the amounts given, will be published in this paper.

The rehearsal of the eisteddfod music at the chapel Sunday was very satisfactory to the directors. Edward Davis, of East Greenville, who has taken part in many great musical events, after Sunday's rehearsal warmly praised the work of the chorus under the direction of Mr. Simpson. Mr. Davis, although past sixty years of age, is one of the most enthusiastic members of the chorus and is a fine singer. Two of his sons are also members and ten other residents of East Greenville are taking part. Yesterday's rehearsal was the last which will be held in the chapel. The Rev. E. J. Craft has tendered the use of the parish building of St. Timothy's church to the society, and the first rehearsal there will be held at 7 o'clock next Thursday evening.

Some time during the latter part of this month a concert will be held in the Armory, at which time the choruses which are to be rendered at the Canton eisteddfod will be sung. Director Simpson is anxious to have the chorus, many members of which have never appeared before the public, sing before a large audience, in order that they may be free from stage fright when they appear in the Auditorium at Canton. A small admission fee will be charged to meet the necessary expenses.

Evan H. Williams, the famous tenor, who has been in the city for the past day or two, has taken a warm interest in the efforts of the Amphions to secure a permanent home, and has volunteered to appear at a concert which will be given in the near future for the purpose of raising funds. Mr. Williams has recently returned from a visit of a few months in England, during which he was most enthusiastically greeted at all the concerts in which he participated. Incidentally it may be mentioned that he cleared about $6,000 on the trip, and that British managers are anxious to book him for a return engagement.

AGUARANTEED CURE For PILES

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Druggists refund your money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case, no matter of how long standing, in 6 to 14 days. First application gives ease and rest 50c. If your druggist hasn't it send 50c in stamps and it will be forwarded post-paid by Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

SPECIAL LOW RATES.

To all points in Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon and British Columbia, March 1st to May 15th, 1905. Round Trip Homeseekers' Tickets on special days. Write at once for information and maps to Ira F. Schwegel, Traveling Agent, Wisconsin Central R'y, 407 Traction Bldg., Cincinnati, O.

W.&L E. Through Train to Pittsburg.

Train No. 2, due at Massillon at 12:2 p. m., carries through Pullman and free reclining chair car, arriving at Pittsburg at 4:15 p. m.

For Over Sixty Years

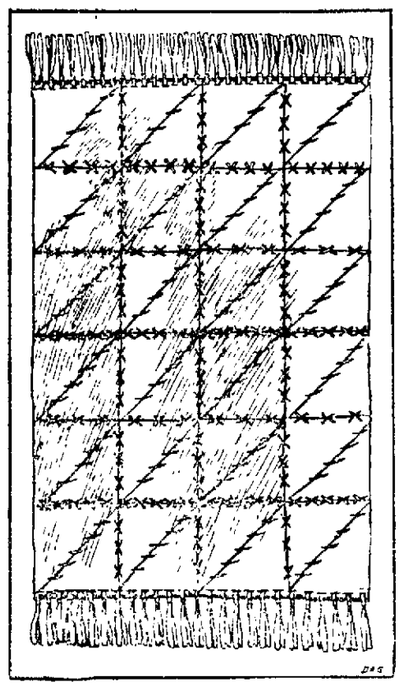
MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. Twenty five cents a bottle.

HOME DECORATION.

PRACTICAL METHODS THE FAD OF THE ALERT HOUSEWIFE.

Elaborate Embroideries and Tissue Paper Knickknacks Are Back Numbers—"There's Nothing Like Leather" In Today's Scheme.

The housewife of today is alert for new and practical methods of home decoration. There has never been a time when really useful hand work has been in such evidence as it is at the present time. There was once a time



LACED LEATHER RUG.

when women spent months and often years embroidering trifles; later, going to the other extreme, they cluttered their houses with knickknacks of the baby ribbon and tissue paper style—all pretty in shape and color, but lacking durability and actual intrinsic value. The home of today has a more practical appearance. Much of the ribbon and paper work is giving place to leatheret, real leather and wickerwork, remarks a writer in the Ladies' World in making the following suggestions:

There are no articles in the home of more constant use than rugs, and for that reason they should be as substantial and as beautiful as possible.

The advent of the leather rug has suggested a practical use for worn out shoes. As a rule, the soles, toes and back seams give way, leaving the uppers almost as good as new. It is from these that the rugs illustrated are made. For the rug shown cut right angled triangles measuring four inches along the straight sides. Two triangles can be cut from each shoe.

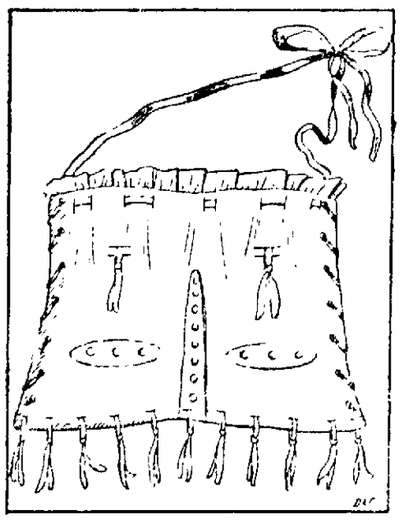
The rug measures 16 by 24 inches. It requires the uppers from twelve pairs of shoes.

Eyelets like those used in shoes may be purchased at 25 cents per box—several hundred in a box. By means of a school punch, which costs only a trifle, the holes are punched and eyelets fastened in the holes at the same time. If one does not care to purchase punch and eyelets the holes may be made with a common punch. In either case the pieces are laced together with shoestrings.

The leather may be cut, punched and laced together in a few hours, and you have a rug that will last a lifetime.

To make the Indian bag illustrated cut off the uppers of a pair of tan shoes. This gives you two pieces of leather nicely bound at the tops and having eyelets down the sides.

Lay the two pieces together, placing the right faces inside. Stitch across the bottom. Open up and lay it



INDIAN BAG.

smoothly on an ironing board. Cover with cloth and press with a very hot iron.

Now lay the two halves together with the right faces outside. Lace the sides with tan colored shoe laces.

The fringe and draw strings are made of shoe laces cut any length one fancies.

To carry the Indian idea still further, the fringe and face of the bag may be decorated with large colored beads.

A frill of narrow tan colored ribbon completes the bag.

Bluefish, Spanish Style.

Fry slightly in a saucepan one small onion cut fine; then add a quart of tomatoes, canned or scalded, into which have been put half a pint of water, a small piece of butter, half a clove of garlic, a quarter of a teaspoonful of cloves and black pepper, a teaspoonful of salt and two tablespoonfuls of vinegar. Boil for twenty minutes, then put into the mixture a medium sized bluefish cut into large pieces. When it is done thicken slightly with flour, add a small bunch of parsley and half of a green pepper chopped fine. Serve hot or cold.—Good Housekeeping.

OBITUARY.

DONALD F. BENEDICT.

Donald F. Benedict, aged 37 years, died Sunday at the state hospital, of apoplexy. The deceased was admitted a year and a half ago from Lorain county and the body was sent to Lorain Monday for interment. A brother arrived in the city Monday morning and made the necessary arrangements.

$5,000

Reward will be paid to any person who can find one atom of opium, chloral, morphine, cocaine, ether or chloroform in any form in any of Dr. Miles' Remedies.

This reward is offered because certain unscrupulous persons make false statements about these remedies. It is understood that this reward applies only to goods purchased in the open market, which have not been tampered with in any way.

Dr. Miles' remedies cure by their soothing, nourishing, strengthening and invigorating effects upon the nervous system, and not by paralyzing and weakening the nerves as would be the case if these drugs were used.

For this reason Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills are universally considered the best pain remedy

"I have suffered for 25 years with severe pains in my head, heart and back, and have tried everything I could get and could not find any relief until I got a box of Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills. I suffered as long as 12 hours at a time with such severe pains that I feared I would lose my mind. The Anti-Pain Pills gave me relief in from 10 to 20 minutes. I do not have to use Morphine any more. I wish you would publish this so that other sufferers may find relief."

I. A. WALKER,
R. F. D. No. 6. Salem, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills are sold by your druggist, who will guarantee that the first package will benefit. If it fails he will return your money. 25 doses, 25 cents. Never sold in bulk.

Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind

FOR SALE!

Lots on Chester, Edwin and Dwight streets, from $250 to $500.

Lots on George and Johnson streets from $206 to $250

Four lots off Wachter street $150 to $200.

One lot on Clay alley.

Fifteen lots on South Erie street.

These lots can be sold on small monthly payments.

James R. Dunn,

Over 50 S. Erie St.

Office hours from 7 to 8 A. M. and from 4 to 5:30 P. M.

THOMAS BURD, Agent.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists.
Chichester Chemical Co.
Mention this paper. PHILA., PA.

Sheriff's Sale.

The State of Ohio, Stark County, ss.
Sarah A. Glessner vs Martha E. Glessner et al } Order of Sale

By virtue of an order of sale in partition issued by the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Stark County, Ohio, and to me directed I will offer for sale at public auction at the door of the Court House, in the city of Canton, on

Saturday, May 13, 1905,

The following described real estate, to-wit: Situated in the city of Massillon, County of Stark and State of Ohio, and known as and being a part of lot number two hundred and seven (207), of Duncan, Wales & Skinner's addition to Massillon which lot is now known as lot number two hundred and fifty-six (256) of the City of Massillon according to the present schedule of the lots of said City, bounded as follows: Beginning at a point fifty (50) feet southwardly of the northeast corner of said lot and running thence southwardly along the west line of Prospect street 50 feet; thence westwardly parallel with Cherry street one hundred and fifty (150) feet; thence northerly parallel with Prospect street fifty (50) feet and thence eastwardly parallel with Cherry street 150 feet to the place of beginning, and being the same premises conveyed by Charles G. Skinner and wife to Mary Mong, by deed dated October 4th, A. D., 1858, and recorded in volume 30, page 555 of the Stark County deed records.

Appraised at $3,500.00

TERMS:—One-third cash, one-third in one year and one-third in two years, with interest and notes secured by mortgage on the premises.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m.

FRANK McKINNEY, sheriff.

McCaughey & Eggert, attorneys.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. 50c. at Druggists.

Great Variety and Much Beauty

are features of the articles in our display. We have a good assortment of new designs in Combs, hair pins, veil pins, waist sets, etc

HAWVER,

Jeweler & Optician,

17 S Erie St. Massillon, O.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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SLAIN BY SOLDIERS

Hirelings of Russian Autocrat Shoot Down Subjects in Streets of Warsaw.

WOMEN AND CHILDREN VICTIMS

Without Cause Cavalry Savagely Charges Defenseless Crowd of May-Day Demonstrators and Infantry Fires Volley Into Dense Throng.

Warsaw, May 2.—Nearly 100 persons were killed or wounded in disturbances in various quarters of Warsaw. The troops apparently acted to control the crowds and were ordered to act with moderation. They fired into crowds of demonstrators and workmen in retaliation to shots to the use of firearms and bombs. Many women and children are among the dead and dying. What appears to be a reign of terror now exists. The city presents a most gloomy appearance and the pall of the entire community extends.

May day opened with every prospect that the peaceful meeting foreboded. Things would end in a peaceful ending. Soon the weather ushered in the opening of the celebrations and all factories, shops and offices of every description were closed.

No untoward incident was reported until afternoon. The first disturbances occurred when a procession of several thousand workmen carrying red flags marched along Zelazna street. The demonstration was quite orderly and proceeded without interruption for some distance. Suddenly several squadrons of Hussars appeared, but without interfering with the procession, and took up a position along the sidewalks while the workmen passed through the lines. Then a company of infantry approached from the front and immediately the cavalry charged into the procession, driving it with the flat of their swords into a disorganized mass. When the cavalry withdrew the infantry fired a volley, whereupon the demonstrators turned and fled. The infantry continued to discharge volley after volley into the retreating multitude. Thirty-one persons were killed and many wounded, and of the latter it is believed that 15 will die.

Another terrible scene was enacted when workmen fired from behind a wall at a police station, suddenly opened fire on the passing crowds, killing or wounding 20 persons.

The first day's massacre ended at night, when one Hussar fired into a Cossack patrol. Three Cossacks and one policeman were killed and two women who were near the station at the time were wounded by the explosion of the bomb. Cossacks and infantry are in control of workmen and the police now, many persons were killed or wounded. Troops surrounded the whole ghetto and it has been impossible to secure reliable information as to the casualties on the latter.

Later a disturbance broke out at the Zoological garden on the opposite bank of Praga, across the Vistula river. A great crowd had been assembled there, threatening the troops when Hussars fired upon the crowd and killed four and wounded many others.

It was reported by telephone from Lodz that a crowd there had stoned a military patrol, whereupon the soldiers fired and killed two men and wounded a boy. Later a similar scene occurred in Baluti square, when two persons were killed.

In Lodz also a bomb was thrown at a patrol, but it was not effective. The patrol fired into the crowd and killed three and wounded two persons. A student who was distributing proclamations in Wola, a suburb of Warsaw, was killed by a patrol. In Nawrot street, Warsaw, a patrol killed a woman.

DIDN'T GET A PELT.

President's Party Hunts All Day Without Result.

Glenwood Springs, Col., May 2.—President Roosevelt and members of his hunting party were in the saddle from 8 until 4:30 o'clock, returning without a pelt of any kind. They did not even sight any game. Secretary Loeb reached the camp at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. He expects to return today.

The hunters did not occupy their old camp on East Divide creek until today, as the president desired to await Mr. Loeb's arrival in the present quarters on West Divide creek. New bear tracks in great number have been reported near the Penny ranch on East Divide creek, where luck went against the hunters when they started out.

LETTERS PROVE ALIBI.

Oil City Men Suspected of Murder Can Prove Innocence.

Oil City, Pa., May 2.—Relatives and friends of Joseph Osenider and Charles Osler of Oil City, suspected of knowing something regarding the murder of John Turner of Marion, O., on Saturday night, have letters that establish an alibi. Osenider and Osler were at Marion four days.

Each wrote a letter home which the postmarks show were mailed at 7 a. m. Saturday from Huntington, Ind., 12 hours before the murder was committed. They made no secret of their intended movements. They were going from Huntington to Fort Wayne, Ind., and from there to Chicago, where they have relatives.

TOKO[illegible] NO CHANCES.

Too Much at Stake to Risk Open Battle With Rozhestvensky.

New York, May 2.—Kogoro Takahara, a special agent of the Japanese government, has arrived from London, after a visit to the recent battle ground. He says Admiral Togo will not offer battle to the Russian fleet because too much is at stake. He is not worrying, all on the first round of the fight.

Japan considers the most important matter for consideration by the Japanese statesmen is the enlarging of the scope of the alliance now existing between Japan and Great Britain. He considers that Russia will be so weakened by the war that her influence in the far east will not be seriously considered for 10 years.

When he was asked if he thought there was any possibility of an alliance between Russia and Japan for the imposing of a Monroe doctrine in Asia for a time, he replied:

"That is a French idea, which has been given birth owing to the alarm the French have felt over the encroachment of the emperor of Germany in China. Of course there is nothing preposterous about the idea of such an alliance, but at present the Japanese statesmen are considering the ways and means of effecting a great offensive and defensive alliance with Great Britain. When I say that the influence of Russia will not be seriously considered for 10 years at least, I don't mean to say that the war will last much longer."

REWARD FOR CASHIER GOLL.

Defaulter Bigelow Constantly Under Police Surveillance.

Milwaukee, Wis., May 2.—A reward of $1,000 has been offered for the arrest of Henry G. Goll, former assistant cashier of the First National bank of Milwaukee. Goll disappeared on the day the defalcation of Frank G. Bigelow became known and up to this time has eluded arrest. Mr. Bigelow walked down town and had a short conference with John C. Brodhead, one of the heirs of the Brodhead estate, of which Mr. Bigelow was executor.

Bigelow is under constant surveillance of a detective, his son's house, where he is stopping, being watched night and day, and when the former banker leaves the residence the officer follows at a little distance.

WILL OSTRACISE GINGRICH.

Students of Franklin and Marshall College Insubordinate.

Lancaster, Pa., May 2.—President Stahr has announced to the students of Franklin and Marshall college that the faculty would not grant their petition requesting the expulsion of Freshman Oscar Gingrich of Lebanon, who recently sent into a crowd of sophomores who were hazing him and wounded one of them.

The students subsequently held a mass meeting and decided to ostracise Gingrich and any student who associated with him. Gingrich says he will continue his studies and ignore all attempts to force him to leave the college.

RECALLS MANILA BAY.

Admiral Dewey Receives Reminders of Battle Seven Years Ago.

Washington, May 2.—Seven years ago Admiral Dewey, then commodore, sailed into Manila bay with the Asiatic squadron and struck the victory over the Spanish forces which won for him the title of admiral.

In commemoration of the event many officers who served with Dewey called on him at his office and paid their respects and later with their wives or other ladies of their families were the guests of the admiral and Mrs. Dewey at luncheon.

Porter Accepts Grand Cross.

Paris, May 2.—General Horace Porter has advised the foreign office that owing to his resuming the position of a private citizen he has accepted the grand cross of the Legion of Honor, which the French government some time ago bestowed upon Secretary Hay and himself.

Castle 350 Years Old Burned.

Berlin, May 2.—The castle of Lichtenwalde, near Chemnitz, has been destroyed by fire, with many valuable pictures and memorials of the past, involving a loss of several millions of marks. The castle was built 350 years ago by Knight Hermann Von Harras.

Wanamaker Gives $100,000.

Paris, May 2.—Announcement was made at the dinner terminating the Young Men's Christian association congress that John Wanamaker of Philadelphia had given $100,000 for Young Men's Christian association buildings at Pekin, Seoul and Kyoto.

England Supports French Policy.

Paris, May 2.—The British minister to Morocco, Gerard A. Lowther, in an interview with the Temps correspondent at Tangier, made the first official declaration that the purpose of his visit to Fez is to support French policy in Morocco.

Hooker's Removal Recommended.

Albany, N. Y., May 2.—Legislative proceedings for the removal of Justice Warren B. Hooker from the supreme bench of this state are unanimously recommended in the report of the assembly judiciary committee to the house.

Lack of Sunshine Causes Disease.

Berlin, May 2.—Dr. F. Ruhemunn connects the spread of cerebro-spinal meningitis in central Europe with uncommonly short periods of sunshine recorded over the region from October to the present time.

ARMED WITH RIFLES

Chicago Employers Association Places Deadly Weapons in Drivers' Hands.

STRIKERS IN SAVAGE TEMPER

Advent of Farley and His Strikebreakers Is Signal for More Disorder Than Ever in Teamsters' Strike. Many Injured on Both Sides.

Chicago, May 2.—Conditions in the teamsters' strike has been worse than at any preceding time. The strikers were in uglier mood, the rioting was more open and vicious, and the attacks on non-union men were more frequent and daring than at any time since the beginning of the strike.

The chief cause for the increased belligerency on the part of the strikers and their friends is the fact that the Employers' Teaming association brought 1,500 men into Chicago to take the places of strikers and 500 more are said to be now on the way and will arrive within 12 hours. These men will receive the full pay of union men, and it has been guaranteed to them that their positions will be permanent. Among the strike breakers are 200 farmer boys.

Today whenever a wagon of the Employers Teaming association goes through the streets, a rifle will be carried on each wagon in open view. During the last week there has been much complaint on the part of the strike sympathizers of the readiness with which the non-union men, especially negroes, have used revolvers. A number of strike breakers have been arrested on a charge of carrying concealed weapons and the attorneys of the Employers' Teaming association called on Chief of Police O'Neill and asked if their men had not the right to carry weapons, provided they were held in open view. Chief O'Neill replied that there was no law against it and arrangements were promptly made by the employers to place rifles on every one of their wagons. Over 1,000 rifles were purchased and a number of wagons went through the streets with a rifle lying across the knees of the driver and his assistant.

Want More Protection.

The reason for this move on the part of the employers is that, notwithstanding the utmost efforts of the police, non-union teamsters did not have the protection that the employers' association regarded as adequate. During the morning Assistant Chief of Police Schaettler requested the employers to refrain from making shipments as he could not furnish sufficient men to guard their wagons because at that time he was compelled to make large details at various railroad stations on account of the incoming number of non-union men. Assistant Chief Schaettler declared that he had sufficient men to handle the strike but that the employers demanded ten men for a wagon when three constituted sufficient protection.

When Mayor Dunne was informed of the fact that rifles would be carried by non-union men he was visibly disturbed and he declared police would not be permitted to authorize the carrying of arms by anyone, whether in the employment of the Employers' Teaming association or affiliated with the strikers.

"The chief of police will give no authority to anyone to carry arms," the mayor said. "I had not heard of the matter before, but the city of Chicago will not authorize the carrying of arms." Chief of Police O'Neill, however, declared that if the employers armed their men the police could not legally interfere, as long as the weapons were not concealed. There is a law against shooting within the city limits and also a law against brandishing a weapon in a threatening manner, and both of these laws will be strictly enforced by the police.

Supplies of Food Threatened.

No decided increase in the number of men on strike was made. The most important accession to the teamsters was the drivers of the delivery wagons of retail grocery stores. These declared that they would not call for goods at any who esale establishment where a strike existed. As teamsters are on strike at most wholesale groceries, the apparently visible supply of food for the citizens of Chicago is limited to the stocks now held in the retail groceries. The retail drivers also declared that they would refuse to handle meat if any strike occurred in the stockyards.

The employers' association drove home a wedge into the ranks of the Chicago Team Owners' association. This latter organization is composed of men who do teaming for many of the large business houses and particularly in the matter of hauling coal. They have fought shy so far of aiding the employers. The employers informed the largest five team owning companies that if coal was not delivered all of their contracts would be canceled at once and they would not be renewed at any time hereafter, strike or no strike. The team owners agreed to make deliveries as demanded.

The union labor leaders who were indicted last Saturday in connection with the strike appeared at the criminal court building and gave bonds in the sum of $1,000 each.

Pianist Paderewski Recovering.

Boston, May 2.—Ignace Pederewski, who has been suffering from nervous shock, has so far recovered that he arranged to leave for New York.

LEVY PLEADS FOR NAN.

For Five Hours He Exposes Weakness of Prosecution.

New York, May 2.—"This case is one of either murder or suicide. There can be no manslaughter about it. There should be no compromise verdict. She is either guilty of murder in the first degree or not at all."

With these words Abraham Levy, counsel for Nan Patterson, brought to a close his five-hour argument in defense of the former chorus girl charged with the murder of Caesar Young.

During the long argument Miss Patterson faced the jury unflinchingly. The court room was crowded, most of the attendants being women, who struggled to get a look at the defendant. At one time the judge was compelled to stop Mr. Levy while court officers expelled from the room some women who persisted in discussing the case in audible tones to the annoyance of all present.

Mr. Levy reviewed all the testimony in detail and declared not a word had been introduced which showed any purpose on the part of Miss Patterson or her brother-in-law and sister, Mr. and Mrs. J. Morgan Smith, to threaten the life of Caesar Young.

The suicide theory was strictly emphasized by Mr. Levy, who contended that the powder stains on Young's fingers proved he had shot himself. Mr. Levy scouted the idea that a girl would be able to make such an assault on a trained athlete like Young. He also ridiculed the idea that Miss Patterson should have chosen a crowded public street as a place for murder when she had so many opportunities to attack Young where there would have been little danger of detection.

Assistant District Attorney Rand will close for the people today and it is probable the case will go to the jury this afternoon.

HOCH JURY COMPLETED.

Alleged Bluebeard Pleased With Men Selected to Try Him.

Chicago, May 2.—The jury in the case of Johann Hoch, the alleged "Bluebeard," who is on trial charged with wife murder, has been completed. Hoch became much excited when Assistant State's Attorney Olsen declared that two more grains of arsenic were found when the body of Hoch's late wife, Mrs. Marie Walcker-Hoch, was exhumed last week.

"The embalming fluid has been given the strongest test possible," declared the prosecutor, "and no arsenic was found in the fluid."

Hoch jumped from his chair and was about to say something when he was forced to sit down and remain quiet. After the jury had been accepted and sworn in, Hoch turned with a smile to the reporters and said:

"That jury is fine." Assistant State's Attorney Olsen also expressed himself as satisfied with the men selected to try the case.

LAW TO BE ENFORCED.

Cattle in Transit Must Be Unloaded and Watered Every 28 Hours.

Washington, May 2.—The attorney general has rendered an opinion sustaining Secretary Wilson of the department of agriculture in his contention that the law requiring stock in transit to be unloaded, fed and watered at intervals not greater than 28 hours, applies to terminal railway companies as well as to through lines.

The secretary says that his effort to enforce the 28-hour law has resulted in 100 violations of the law being reported within the past three months. These violations are being investigated with a view to instituting prosecutions. Certain large railway companies have informed the secretary that a plea of guilty will be entered by them in these cases and also that arrangements have been made by them looking to a strict compliance with the law in the future.

NEW RULE ON DIVORCES.

Methodist Bishops Lay Down Law for Guidance of Ministers.

Louisville, Ky., May 2.—At the semi-annual conference of the bishops of the Methodist Episcopal church paragraph 66 of the discipline was given the force of law, thus making it obligatory on ministers and bishops to observe it.

The paragraph provides that no divorce except for adultery shall be recognized by the church as lawful and that no minister shall solemnize a marriage where there is a divorced wife or husband living. Exception is made in the cases of innocent parties to a divorce for adultery and of divorced persons seeking to be reunited in marriage.

Indicted for Buying Votes.

Huntington, W. Va., May 2.—The criminal court grand jury has returned indictments against Lieutenant of Police Samuel Davis and Councilman William Keefe, charging them with purchasing votes at the recent municipal election.

600 Carpenters Strike.

Cleveland, May 2.—Six hundred carpenters quit work at the orders of the union. Many employing contractors have conceded the demand for 45 cents an hour and others will undoubtedly do likewise soon.

P. R. R. Semi-Annual Dividend.

Philadelphia, May 2.—The directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad company have declared the regular semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent, payable May 31, to stockholders of record May 5.

McCormick Takes Porter's Place.

Paris, May 2.—Ambassador McCormick as successor of General Porter has assumed the duties of the American embassy and received a number of callers.

ONE WIFE TOO MANY.

Anthony Cocklin, of Canton, Guilty of Biganny.

Canton, May 3.—Anthony B. Cocklin and Miss Frances E. Stevens, of Lima, were married by Justice J. A. Bowman in this city Saturday, and Monday it was discovered that Cocklin had a wife living at Middlebranch, this county, whom he thought had secured a divorce.

Cocklin has been living at Lima, and had abandoned his wife. She sued for divorce, but three years had not passed since the abandonment and the court refused the divorce, but granted the woman $80 a month alimony. This the husband has been paying for a year past, under the impression that a divorce has been granted. He courted and married Miss Stevens and came back to this city.

When notified Tuesday of the true situation he was thunderstruck. They were just fixing up for housekeeping. It is thought that the first wife will bring an action against him for bigamy. Wife No. 2 left for Lima, they deciding to separate at once.

OBITUARY.

MRS. ABIGAIL SHORT.

Mrs. Abigail Short, aged about 60, died at her home near Sixteen Monday afternoon. The funeral took place Wednesday afternoon from the Sixteen church, the Rev. W. S. Adams officiating.

MRS. ABRAHAM SCHNECK.

Dalton, May 3.—Mrs. Abraham Schneck, aged 69 years, died here Monday. Death was caused by lung fever. The deceased is survived by four sons and two daughters.

MRS. MARY YOST.

East Greenville, May 3.—Mrs. Mary Yost, aged 79 years, died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Joseph Bartel, at 4 o'clock Wednesday, of old age. The deceased is survived by one son, Charles Yost and one daughter, Mrs Bartel. The funeral arrangements have not been made.

ONE WELL PAINTED HOUSE

In a neighborhood creates a demand for others; leads to general improvement in public taste and increases property value. A liberal use of Green Seal Liquid Paint is sound business policy. For sale by Hawk Hardware Co.

MASSILLON MARKET.

The following are the retail prices today in Massillon. This report is corrected daily:

Country butter, per lb	30-32
Creamery butter	34
Eggs, per dozen	18
Chickens spring, lb	18
Cabbage, per pound	2½
New Cabbage, per lb	8
Lettuce, per lb	18
Onions, per peck	65
Potatoes, per bushel	45
Jersey Sweet Potatoes per peck	50

Dealers Pay for Country Produce:

Country butter, per lb	25-26
Eggs, per dozen	15
Chickens, live, per lb	12
Chickens, spring, dressed lb	15
Chickens, dressed	12
Cabbage, per doz	50
Potatoes, per bushel	30

GRAIN MARKETS.

Following are the paying prices.

Wheat	95
Oats	32-33
Corn	55

Following are the selling prices.

Hay, baled, per hundred	70
Straw, per hundred	55
Shelled corn, per bushel	70
Oats, per bushel	40
Corn	70
Hay, loose, per ton	$10 $11

ALWAYS THIN THE GREEN SEAL PAINTS

With pure Linseed Oil for all outside work. This paint is of heavy body and needs thinning. It thus becomes more economical for the consumer. For sale by Hawk Hardware Co.

SERVICES IN CHAPEL.

Hereafter Services Will be in Trades and Labor Hall.

The Presbyterian church services were held in the chapel Sunday and were the last services to be held in the old church buildings. Beginning next Sunday services will be held in the Trades and Labor Assembly hall. This will be the meeting place until a portion of the new church has been completed.

Timely and Valuable Suggestions.

Many people, especially women who lead closely confined domestic lives, suffer from what in general terms is called "nervousness." Among all forms of treatment none has even approached in success the intelligent use of Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, of Rondout, N. Y., which promotes an easy and natural action of the digestive organs and imparts tone to the nervous system.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c

Sheriff's Sale.

The State of Ohio, Stark County, ss.

Union Building and Loan Company vs. Charles M. Wilford et al. } Order of Sale.

By virtue of an order of sale issued by the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Stark County, Ohio, and to me directed I will offer for sale at public auction, at the door of the Court House, in the City of Canton, on

Saturday, June 3, 1905,

the following described real estate, to-wit:

Situate in City of Massillon and known as Lot Number Twenty-Seven (27) of Philip Wendling addition to said city, and now known as Lot Number 2,398 in said city.

House number Four Hundred and Fifty-Nine West Main street, in said city.

Appraised at One Thousand ($1,000.00) Dollars.

Terms cash.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m.

FRANK McKINNEY, Sheriff.

O. C. VOLKMOR, Attorney.

Notice of Presenting County Road Petition.

Notice is hereby given that a petition will be presented to the Commissioners of Stark County, at the second meeting in May, A. D. 1905, praying for the location of a country road on the following line, to-wit: Beginning in the public road between Perry and Tuscarawas Townships, Stark County, Ohio, on the west line of Section 19 Perry Township at a point on said west line of Section 19, marked by the northwest corner of a tract of land owned by I. J. Williams; thence east and parallel with the north line of Section 19 to the certain road extended south from McCullough street; thence northwardly along said road to the south line of McCullough street at the south line of the corporation limits of the City of Massillon.

FRED ALBRECHT, Principal Petitioner.

By R. A. Pinn his Attorney.

Horse Sale

The undersigned will sell at public auction at Wm. H. Vogt & Son's Sale Stables, on North Erie street, north side of Armory theatre, on

Thursday,

May 11, 1905

One Car Load

— OF —

Iowa Horses!

This load consists of Good Farm Chunks and Road Horses.

Also some consigned horses.

Sale to commence at 1 p. m. sharp. All horses sold on a guarantee. A credit of four months will be given.

R. W. Barnes.

Chas. Hammersmith, Clerk.
C. Brenner, Auctioneer.

Now We Are Moved

And Ready to Do Business at Once.

We also have a much larger room and make more specialty of hardware. New lawn mowers from $2.25 to $6.00. Wire fencing for poultry and stock, oil cloth from 25c to 75c yd., linoleum 90c to $1.40 yd., screening, screen doors, window screens, Sherwin & Williams paints, varnishes, stains, floor oil, dryer, linseed oil, white lead, roofing paint, guaranteed for five years, roofing paper, cream separator oil, new cream separator, lawn hose ½ inch and ¾ inch 10c, garden tools, miners' oil, miners' picks and supplies, window glass, putty, gas ranges from $6.50 to $20.00, coal ranges from $32.00 to $48.00, pumps from $2.25 to $6.00, sink pumps, water sinks, pipe fittings for sale, Columbia dry batteries and bells, incandescent lights from 15c to $1.50, also real small ones, auto oil and auto horns and supplies, new wheels from $22.00 to $35.00. Gas fitting and plumbing.

Gas Mantles from 7c to 25c, Globes from 8c to $1.00, Chandeliers, 2 lights, from $1.25 to $6.00, Brackets from 25c to $1.25, High Pressure Burners, Tires from $2.00 to $5.00 each, Bicycle Supplies, Bicycle Repairing, Guns, Wringers, Go-Cart Tires put on, Coaster Brakes. We sell and buy second hand wheels. Come and see us before you buy.

We Can Save You Money.

J. R. SMITH,

BICYCLE and HARDWARE STORE

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